COMMITTEE ON RELATIONS WITH CHURCHES ABROAD
OF THE CANADIAN REFORMED CHURCHES
REPORT TO GENERAL SYNOD 2010

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November 7, 2009

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Esteemed brothers:

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From General Synod 2007, the CRCA received the responsibility to maintain the relationship of ecclesiastical fellowship with the following:

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- The Free Church of Scotland.
- The Free Reformed Churches of Australia.
  - The Free Reformed Churches of South Africa.
  - The Presbyterian Church of Korea
- The Reformed Churches in the Netherlands.

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In addition, Synod also decided:

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- To establish a relationship of ecclesiastical fellowship with the Reformed Churches of New Zealand.
- To discontinue the relationship of ecclesiastical fellowship with the Free Church of Scotland (Continuing).
  - To continue the participation of the Canadian Reformed Churches in the International Conference of Reformed Churches.

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Another change for the CRCA since Synod 2007 is that it is now responsible for contact with the Reformed Churches in Brazil, a responsibility which previously rested with the Committee for Contact with Churches in the Americas.

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Furthermore, the CRCA was directed to continue gathering information about the Gereja-Gereja Reformasi Calvinis in Nusa Tengarra Timur (GGRC-NTT) and the Gereja-Gereja Reformasi de Indonesia Propinsi Nusa Tengurra Timur (GGRI-NTT).

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- 35 Lastly, the CRCA was mandated to communicate with the Free Church of Scotland -
- 36 Continuing, the Reformed Churches in the Netherlands Restored, the Independent Reformed
- 37 Church in Korea, the Presbyterian Church in Eastern Australia and the United Reformed
- 38 Churches in Myanmar.

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Synod 2007 gave the following operational guidelines to the CRCA (see Article 142, Acts 2007):

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43 44 • To consider requests from churches abroad in consultation with and taking note of the judgment of (in accordance with the rules for ecclesiastical fellowship re third party relationships) a sister church familiar with the church from which the request originates.

- To respond, only if necessary, to specific requests made to attend assemblies, synods or meeting of other churches outside the Americas, besides those visits specifically mandated by general synod.
- To serve Synod 2010 with a report with suitable recommendations, to be sent to the churches six months prior to the next general synod.

For the convenience of the churches and delegates to General Synod, we wish to include again the Rules for Ecclesiastical Fellowship adopted by General synod Lincoln (Acts Lincoln 1992, Article 50, page 33). They are as follows.

- 1. The churches shall assist each other in the maintenance, defence and promotion of the Reformed faith in doctrine, church polity, discipline and liturgy, and be watchful for deviations.
- 2. The churches shall inform each other of the decisions taken by their broadest assemblies, if possible by sending each other their Acts or Minutes and otherwise, at least by sending the decisions relevant to the respective churches (if possible, in translation).
- 3. The churches shall consult each other when entering into relations with third parties.
- 4. The churches shall accept one another's attestations or certificates of good standing, which also means admitting members of the respective churches to the sacraments upon presentation of that attestation or certificate.
- 5. The churches shall in principle open their pulpits for each other's ministers in agreement with the rules adopted in the respective churches.
- 6. When major changes or additions are being considered to the confessions, church government or liturgy, the churches shall be informed in order that as much consultation as possible can take place before a final decision is reached.
- 7. The churches shall receive each other's delegates at their broadest assemblies and invite them to participate as much as local regulations permit.

Since Synod 2007, the CRCA has had twelve meetings. Br. Henk Hoogstra underwent open heart surgery in 2008 and missed a subsequent meeting. However, we can mention with gratitude to God that he recuperated well and continued to sit on our committee. In the summer of 2009, Rev. J. Moesker moved to Owen Sound, Ontario. Although he was not able to attend our last three meetings, Rev. Moesker remained a part of our committee and continue to provide input and advice.

The Report which follows contains five sections. The first deals with the churches with whom there is a relationship of ecclesiastical fellowship. Since the last Synod, our committee has spent a lot of time investigating the Reformed churches in Indonesia. Our summary and recommendations in relation to GGRC-NTT and the GGRI-NTT are contained in the second part of this report. The third section supplies information about our contact with churches which are seeking contact or a relationship with the Canadian Reformed Churches. The fourth section deals with the International Conference of Reformed Churches. In the last section, the CRCA makes some proposals about how our relations with churches both close to home and abroad might be managed in a more efficient manner. Following the last section are a number of appendices. It should be mentioned that the various parts of the Report have different writing styles because they were authored by different individuals.

92 93 • Calvinist Reformed Churches in Indonesia (Gereja Gereja Reformasis Calvinis di Indonesia 94 NTT): CRCI 95 Canadian Reformed Churches: CANRC • Free Church of Scotland: FCS 96 Free Church of Scotland - Continuing: FCC 97 Free Reformed Churches in South Africa: FRCSA 98 99 Free Reformed Churches of Australia: **FRCA** 100 Independent Reformed Church in Korea: IRCK 101 Presbyterian Church in Korea - Kosin: PCK Reformed Churches in Indonesia - NTT (Gereja Gereja Reformasi di Indonesia NTT): RCI 102 Reformed Churches of Korea: RCK 103 Reformed Churches in the Netherlands (Gereformeerde Kerken in Nederland - Vrijgemaakt): 104 **RCN** 105 Reformed Churches in the Netherlands - Restored: **GKH** 106 107 Reformed Churches of Brazil: RCB Reformed Churches of New Zealand: RCNZ 108 109 110 I. **Churches in Ecclesiastical Fellowship.** 111 112 113 Α. Free Church of Scotland (FCS) and Free Church of Scotland -Continuing (FCC). 114 115 116 Mandate 117 118 Synod Smithers 2007 decided, among other things: 119 to continue the Relationship of Ecclesiastical Fellowship with the FCS under the adopted 120 121 rules: • to acknowledge that Synod Chatham 2004 erred by "continuing" a Relationship of 122 Ecclesiastical Fellowship with the FCC which, in fact, did not exist; 123 • to discontinue the Relationship of Ecclesiastical Fellowship with the FCC and express 124 regret for the error and any hurt we may have caused them with this error; 125 • to express thankfulness for the efforts which have been made by both the FCS and the 126 FCC towards reconciliation; 127 • to exhort the FCS and the FCC to continue their efforts towards reconciliation for the 128 129 glory of Christ our Head and not to be discouraged by the difficulties on the path towards 130 that goal. 131

In our Report, the following abbreviations will be used:

It also mandated the CRCA

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- to convey the decisions under Recommendations 1.1.1 1.1.6 to both the FCS and FCC, assuring them of our continued prayerful support and
  - to continue to monitor the situation between the FCS and FCC and report any important developments to the next synod. (see: *Acts 2007*, Article 80)

# Correspondence

On July 18, 2007, a letter was received from the Clerk of the FCC in which he expresses his "sadness" that Synod Smithers decided to discontinue the Relationship with the FCC. Furthermore, in the letter he makes the following comments:

- "I confess that I find it difficult to understand that Synod Smithers should resolve to continue their relationship of ecclesiastical fellowship with that part of the Free Church of Scotland which has just entered into a formal relationship with the Church of Scotland (a member of the World Council of Churches)..."
- "it is simply untrue that "no other federation other than the Christelijke Gereformeerde Kerken in Nederland have entered into ecclesiastical fellowship with the FCC."
- "it is also a value judgment to say that the FCC have left the FCS."
- "it is not accurate to say that the division is simply over a matter of polity. The division comes down to a question of practical acceptance of the doctrine that Christ is the Head of the Church. The FCS (Residual) position is that ministers must obey every instruction of General Assembly even if the instruction of General Assembly be unconstitutional or unscriptural in other words that the General Assembly has absolute authority even in matters in which the Scriptures and the constitution of the Church allow liberty."
- "The Free Church Continuing would strongly challenge any suggestion that they have 'seceded.' We hold that it is the FCS (Residual) who have acted in a way that is contrary to the constitution of the Free Church of Scotland."
- "The sentiments in 4.3 (Considerations) are no doubt well-intentioned but manifest a complete misunderstanding of our position we did not want a division and do not want a division and from the beginning have worked towards reconciliation. The division came about when those who are now of the FCS (Residual) unconstitutionally excommunicated and removed from their pulpits the ministers who are now the FCC."
- Commenting on Consideration 4.4. of Synod Smithers the Clerk states, "with respect, we are unaware of any pursuit by the FCS (Residual) of restoration of unity with the FCC whose status they do not regard as that of ministers and who they dealt with in terms of the Greater Excommunication."
- Commenting on Recommendation 5.3 (see 1.1.3. above) the Clerks states, "In our view 'continuing a relationship' was appropriate as a way of recognizing that a division had occurred in the Free Church of Scotland and continuing a relationship with both parties did not involve judging which party was more correct."
- Commenting on Recommendation 5.4 (see 1.1.4. above) the Clerk states "it would seem that Synod Smithers has now pronounced that the position of the FCS (Residual) is correct. If this is so, it would seem to follow by implication Synod Smithers now regard ministers of the FCC in terms of their status in relation to the FCS (Residual) under the Greater Excommunication and not valid ministers of the Gospel. Was this the intention of Synod Smithers?"

• Commenting on Recommendation 5.5 (see 1.1.5. above) the Clerk states, "to our knowledge, there has been no effort by the FCS (Residual) towards reconciliation. Indeed, contrary to their undertakings to ICRC Pretoria 2005 they have now taken the Free Church Continuing to the civil courts."

In December of 2008 an **Extract Minute** of the Proceedings of the Commission of Assembly of the FCS was received. In that Extract:

• the names of the suspended ministers are mentioned and their suspensions are "terminated" on the grounds that the FCC is "a denomination distinct from and separate from the Free Church of Scotland" and that the above-mentioned are "no longer subject to the jurisdiction of the Courts of the Free Church of Scotland."

• "The Commission of Assembly further declare that any others who are or were ministers Free Church (Continuing) who were disciplined by Courts of the Free Church of Scotland in consequence and in relation to the separation of January 2000 and its aftermath, together with any such office-bearers, are now held by the Free Church of Scotland, in consequence of this declaration, to be of good standing in a Christian church, unless under discipline from the said church."

• "In addition, the Commission of Assembly, having the highest concern for the unity of Christ's visible church and the interests of the gospel, call upon all in the Free Church of Scotland to regard this declaration as an expression of this concern, as also a sincere overture of peace and reconciliation towards the Free Church (Continuing)."

• "The Commission of Assembly direct the Deacons' Courts of the following congregations to initiate and engage in discussions with their counterparts in the Free Church (Continuing) over unresolved issues of property, funds, church records or any other assets, with a view to reaching a solutions acceptable to both sides, thereby avoiding having to settle matters by legal action..."

On March 19, 2009, an invitation to be present at the General Assembly of the Free Church of Scotland (Continuing) was sent to the CRCA. In it the following sentences are of note:

• "We most sincerely pray that your Committee will be able to correct at as early a date as possible the errors of fact which seem to underlie the finding of Synod Smithers."

• "We understand that the finding of your most recent Synod may preclude the sending of an official delegate to our forthcoming Assembly, but we nonetheless wish to express our warm invitation to send a representative or representatives in whatever capacity you might see fit (e.g. observer/s). It is our desire to be as open as possible in all our dealings."

On March 25, 2009, an invitation was sent by the Clerk of the FCS inviting the CRCA to send a representative to the 2009 Assembly.

The Principal ACTS of the General Assembly of the Free Church of Scotland for 2007, 2008 and 2009 were received. The Principal ACTS of the Free Church of Scotland (Continuing) for 2007 was received.

#### **Comments and Evaluation - FCC and FCS**

For an in-depth look at the conflict between the FCC and the FCS, we refer you to the Report of the CRCA addressed to Synod Smithers 2007. After Synod Smithers, the CRCA, having received new members, reviewed the dealings and evaluation of the previous CRCA in relation to the division between the FCC and the FCS.

It also took note of the decision of Synod Smithers. In the end your present Committee came to the conclusion that Synod Smithers would have served these Churches in Scotland better if it had followed the original recommendation received from the CRCA.

The CRCA had recommended to Synod Smithers 2007 that it acknowledge that Synod Chatham 2004 had made a mistake in entering into Ecclesiastical Fellowship with the FCC. It also recommended that, notwithstanding the mistake, the Relationship with the FFC should now continue and be used to promote reconciliation between both the FCC and the FCS.

Synod Smithers, however, decided to apologize to the FCC and to *terminate* the Relationship with the FCC. At the same time it urged the CRCA to exhort both churches to work towards reconciliation.

From the comments made by the Clerk of the FCC (quoted above), it would appear that Synod Smithers erred in some of its assumptions and conclusions.

Furthermore, the FCC letter points out that by terminating the Relationship with the FCC, the decision of Synod Smithers results in the Canadian Reformed Churches making a *de facto* decision in favour of the FCS and against the FCC. You will understand that such a position now makes it very hard, if not impossible, for the Canadian Reformed Churches to play the role of honest broker in this dispute.

It should also be noted that other Reformed churches from around the world have taken a different stand than the Canadian Reformed Churches. They have chosen to recognize both Churches and then used this recognition as a stepping stone to promote reconciliation.

#### The Free Church of Scotland and the Church of Scotland

The Principal ACTS of the General Assembly of 2007 contain a Joint Statement issued by the Church of Scotland and the Free Church of Scotland. This Statement opens with "the Biblical Basis" which contains quotations from John 17, I Corinthians 12, Ephesians 4 and Galatians 2 about the unity of Christ and His Church. Following this "the Confessional Basis" is dealt with and it consists of quotations from the Westminster Confession of Faith, chapters 25 (2 - 5) and 26 (1 - 2). Next, there is a section dealing with "Implications" and then a section on "Practical Application."

Under the last section on "Practical Application" it mentions that "some cooperation already takes place, particularly at the level of parish ministry and in representations to parliament and other bodies."

It is also "recognized by each Church that the liberty of local ministers and Kirk Sessions must be maintained and that the level of cooperation in practical ministry will vary geographically."

As well, "areas where cooperation might be carried out and expanded where already taking place, involving where appropriate church members, elders and ministers:

evangelism and church planting

theological education within in-service training
 services - prayer, pulpit exchanges, shared sacramental celebrations, marriages, funerals, Remembrance Day, School Assemblies etc

• formal links - moving from cooperation to commitment in local structures through formal links

• *social projects* - alcohol and drug related, housing, debt, counseling, Youth work, elderly, prison ministry, etc

conferences and fellowships - including fraternals, missions, local Bible studies

social events - charity events, Sunday School outings

 • representations - to governments and members of the Scottish, UK and European parliaments, police, Licensing Boards, local authorities, Health Boards, etc."

Now it cannot be denied that this "Joint Statement" is an interesting document, but that is not why we have chosen to refer to it at some length. We have done so because it is our understanding that the Church of Scotland is very much a mixed body theologically. Within its ranks one finds the staunchly Reformed and the vocally liberal.

Furthermore, the Church at Scotland is a member of the World Council of Churches, as well as of other ecumenical organizations whose commitment to the infallibility of the Bible may be called into question.

Finally, a recent decision of the Church of Scotland (the Scott Rennie case) to permit a homosexual minister to be inducted into active ministry in that church while at the same time maintaining his relationship with a male partner, calls into serious question the orthodoxy of such an ecclesiastical body.

So what does all of this do to the Joint Statement?

Seeing that members of our Committee would be going to the ICRC in Christchurch and would be meeting delegates there from the Free Church, our delegates were instructed to speak with members of the FCS delegation.

This meeting took place on Oct. 21, 2009, in Christchurch, NZ with the Revs. Alex MacDonald and James Maciver. They explained that the Joint Statement was meant to form a basis for discussion and did not purport to be either a covenant or an agreement. In the meantime they stated that the discussions with the Church of Scotland had run stuck over the matter of how to view and interpret Holy Scripture (infallibility and inerrancy), as well as over the matter of ordaining homosexuals to ministry in the Church of Scotland.

- By way of further clarification they explained that whereas the Free Church holds the Bible to be
- 319 the Word of God, the Church of Scotland speaks about the "doctrine contained" in the Bible.
- In addition, they stated that we need to realize that there are any number of local Church of
- 321 Scotland congregations, especially on the Island of Lewis, that are just as reformed as local Free
- 322 Church congregations. They also wondered aloud as to what these conservative congregations
- would do seeing that they were in great distress over the recent Rennie case relating to
- 324 homosexual pastors.

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In light of these clarifications and assurances, our Committee sees no need to delve further into this matter. From this discussion, as well as from many other discussions held during the ICRC with the brothers from the FCS, we can only conclude that their church continues to remain faithful to its confession and maintains a high view of Scripture.

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#### Recommendations

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The CRCA recommends that Synod Burlington 2010 decide:

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• to continue the Relationship of Ecclesiastical Fellowship with the FCS under the adopted rules:

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• to rescind the decision of Synod Smithers 2007 with respect to FCC and to re-instate the Relationship of Ecclesiastical Fellowship with that church;

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and reunion;
to charge the CRCA to send two committee members to the FCS and FCC with a view to

to use its good offices to exhort the FCS and the FCC to work earnestly at reconciliation

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encouraging them, also when it comes to the unity of the church.

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# B. The Free Reformed Churches of Australia (FRCA).

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## Mandate

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Synod Smithers 2007 decided the following regarding the FRCA:

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- 1. To maintain the existing relationship of Ecclesiastical Fellowship with the FRCA under the adopted rules.
- 2. To thank the FRCA for their continued support for the Theological College in Hamilton.
- 3. To suggest that the Standing Committee for the Book of Praise maintain regular contact with the Australian committee in order to advise them of our direction.

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358 359 The decisions of Synod were conveyed to the Australian churches in a letter dated June. 26, 2007. After they became available in print, a copy of the official ACTS of Synod Smithers 2007 was sent to the FRCA.

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#### Communication

During the last three years, the CRCA has maintained contact with the deputies of the FRCA. as follows:

- A letter was received regarding our contact and visiting schedule regarding the PCK on Oct. 4, 2007.
  - On Feb. 18, 2008 we requested information and clarity regarding their decision to delay extending ecclesiastical fellowship to the GGRC-NT. In the same letter, we also sought the cooperation of the FRCA in promoting unity between the GGRC and GGRI and cooperation between them in theological training. A response was received on Dec.8, 2008 in which we were informed that Br. B. Bosveld, one of their deputies who had visited Indonesia 18 times would be available to meet with the CRCA. This meeting found place in Langley, BC on Jan. 7, 2009.
- In February of 2009, an invitation was received to attend Synod Legana 2009. Since no one was able to travel to Australia at the time of Synod, a letter of greeting was sent.
  - An extract of Synod Legana's decisions regarding the Canadian Reformed Churches was received in September of 2009.
  - On July 5, 2009, a letter was received from the deputies of the FRCA for Relations with Sister Churches, requesting that some of our delegates meet with the FRCA deputies in Australia following the ICRC meeting in Christchurch, NZ. Due to lack of manpower and time constraints, this request could not be answered positively.

# Synod Legana 2009

Synod Legana was held from June 15 - 24, 2009. Perusal of its ACTS confirms the desire of this federation to remain faithful to the Scriptures and the Reformed Confessions. Matters of interest to our federation include:

- Synod decided to continue the support for our Theological College and its Pastoral Training Program.
- Synod decided to continue the use of our Book of Praise and to allow the use of the 2008 Interim Book of Praise with the NIV prose section, as well as inviting their churches to scrutinize and test the 28 additional hymns (which our synod 2010 may adopt) outside the church services, for recommendation to their next synod.
- While restating their recognition of the RCNZ as a true church of Jesus Christ, the FRCA declined to enter into ecclesiastical fellowship with this federation because of its continued sister church relationship with the Christian Reformed Churches of Australia (which continues to be "under strain").
- Concerns were expressed by Synod about developments in the RCN including the following: the approach of these churches to hermeneutics, their position on the Lord's Day, the public comments of Dr. Harinck and the administration of the sacraments for military personal. The Deputies for Sister Churches were instructed to examine and discuss the concerns about hermeneutics as expressed in the report of the late Rev. M. Nap, the report concerning the role of Men and Women in the church, the decisions of the RCN on Divorce and Remarriage, the proliferation and content of new hymns, the position of the RCN regarding developments

- in the NGK in connection with female office bearers, the need for the RCN to uphold the plain meaning of Gen. 1-11 and signs of independentism in the RCN. Synod expressed the hope that these matters can be discussed with the Dutch deputies and those of other sister churches.
  - Synod decided that the FRCSA will also keep themselves apprised of the situation in the GKH.

# Decisions of Synod Legana 2009 concerning the Canadian Reformed Churches

- 1. To Continue sister church relations with the CANRC according to the established rules.
- 2. To mandate the Deputies to:
  - a. Monitor developments within the CANRC for mutual benefit according to the established rules and keep the churches informed;
  - b. Stay informed on developments concerning the pending merger between the CANRC and the URCNA, including the proposed revisions to the Church Order.
  - c. Seek clarification about and discuss the changing manner in which they deal with significant differences with other church federations in their unity discussions;
  - d. In the unity discussion between the CANRC and the URCNA, encourage the CANRC to maintain the principle that the churches maintain a theological college on the basis that we use their college for our Australian churches
  - e. Encourage the CANRC to continue supporting the FRCA as much as possible in its discussions with the RCNZ
  - f. Invite the CANRC to combine a visit to Australia with their planned visit to New Zealand in September
  - g. Send two delegates to the next CANRC General Synod 2010 pending finances.

#### **Evaluation**

From the contact with the FRCA deputies by means of both oral and written communications, it is evident that the churches of this federation strive to be faithful to the Word of God and maintain the Reformed Confessions and Church Order. We share a common heritage and express this in the manner in which we deal with issues and matters which are of concern to both federations. The geographical situation of the FRCA may determine a difference of approach with regard to certain issues. Yet, the desire to discuss the divergent views presents the basis for mutual agreement on the fundamental principles as laid down in Scripture. It is of utmost importance that we support each other in our endeavour to be faithful Churches of Christ and so maintain our ecclesiastical fellowship. This should also be expressed in the relations we jointly have with other sister churches and with those which have approached us to that end.

#### Recommendations

The CRCA recommends that Synod Burlington 2010 decide:

To thank the FRCA for its continued support for the Theological College in Hamilton;
 To maintain close contact with the various deputyships of the FRCA to discuss matters of

 3. To maintain close contact with the various deputyships of the FRCA to discuss matters of mutual interest, e.g. mission work in Indonesia, Book of Praise, third-party relationships, issues of common interest with regard to sister churches, etc.;

1. To maintain the existing sister church relation with the FRCA under the adopted rules;

4. To send a delegate to the next synod of the FRCA in 2012

# C. The Free Reformed Churches of South Africa (FRCSA).

#### Mandate

Synod Smithers 2007 decided (Article 124):

1. To continue ecclesiastical fellowship with the FRCSA under the adopted rules.

To recommend the FRCSA to the churches as worthy of continued and increased prayerful and financial assistance, to help them with their extensive mission work as well as the compassionate pursuits among the disadvantaged.
 To mandate the Board of Governors of our Theological College to encourage and aid the

FRCSA in the quest to redesign their Theological Training by serving them with advice, and by extending academic backing through guest lectures, as well as assisting students who may enroll here with the necessary language and social support.

#### Communication

The CRCA maintained communication with the FRSCA as follows:

• A letter dated June 26, 2007 was sent informing the FRCSA of the observations, considerations and recommendations of Synod Smithers 2007.

• In response to a request from the CRCA, Rev. C. Kleijn of the FRCSA submitted a list of projects and needs among the FRCSA to bring to the attention of the CARCs.

 • In January 2008 the CRCA sent a letter to all Canadian and American Reformed Churches outlining the opportunities available to extend help to the FRCSA with their mission and relief efforts.

• Later in 2008 an article was published in Clarion magazine outlining the same information and noting that Synod Smithers 2007 has urged the CANRC to consider these churches and their work when thinking of sharing our bounty in Canada and to please consider becoming involved and providing help to and via the brotherhood in South Africa.

 • On May 8, 2008 a letter was sent expressing regret that we were not able at this time to accede to the invitation to send a delegation to the General Synod of the FRCSA in Cape Town May 2008.

- In August of 2008, a letter was sent to all Canadian and American Reformed Churches informing them of an upcoming visit of Rev. Pieter Boon to Canada and indicating that there were opportunities for local churches to arrange meetings with him. In at least two places, meetings were organized in the course of which, Rev. Boon was able to explain how our churches could be of assistance to the FRCSA.
- An Afrikaans short report of the FRCSA Synod Cape Town May 12-15 2008 was received in
   January 2009 as well as an English copy of the full Acts in March 2009.
  - A letter dated May 20, 2009 was received from the Deputies for Support of Needy Churches
    of the FRSCA mentioning that some aid had been received from some of the CANRC but
    asking the CRCA to help coordinate and structure this support in a more sustainable way.
    - On June 29, 2009, the CRCA sent a letter to the church at Coaldale asking its Council to take on the project of being the coordinating church for aid to needy churches of the FRSCA. Coaldale was asked to do the following: distribute information received from the Deputies for Needy Churches of the FRCSA, issue periodic requests for help on behalf of the FRCSA to the churches of our federation, establish the most effective way to transfer funds to South Africa. On November 4, 2009, the CRCA learned that Coaldale had agreed to take on this project and had established a Committee of Council for that purpose. On November 6, 2009, the CRCA informed the Deputies for the Support of Needy Churches of the FRCSA of this decision. In the near future, Coaldale will send out a letter to all the CANRC informing them that it has agreed to be the coordinating church for aid to the needy churches of the FRCSA.

# Synod Capetown 2008

The following are some to the highlights of this Synod.

With respect to relations with the CARC Synod decided:

- 1. To continue sister church relations with the CANRC according to the adopted rules;
- 2. To authorize deputies to send one delegate to attend the next synod of the CANRC and to instruct that the delegate also give presentations on the FRCSA.

As grounds for this decision, Synod stated:

- 1. The CANRC gives evidence of continuing faithfulness to the Word of God, the Reformed Confessions and the Church Order;
  - 2. Personal visits to synods are a good means of maintaining and building relationships;
- 537 3. Our two federations, with similar backgrounds, can support each other and learn from each other.

In its instruction to its Deputies for Relations with Churches Abroad, Synod decided to send one delegate to attend the next synod of the CANRC and to instruct that the delegate also give presentations on the FRCSA.

With respect to the ICRC Synod decided:

1. To continue membership of the ICRC;

- 547 2. To accept the proposed amendment to the ICRC constitution;
- 548 3. To authorize the deputies to send one delegate to the next conference to be held in New Zealand, 2009.

As grounds for its decisions pertaining to the ICRC, Synod stated:

- 1. The ICRC is an organization with a reformed foundation and shows that it doesn't just allow any church to become member, but truly wishes to maintain its basis;
  - 2. The ICRC provides us with a platform to maintain contact with reformed churches all over the world
- 557 3. The ICRC assists us to reflect on and coordinate our missionary work which can only be to our benefit.
  - 4. The proposed amendment to the ICRC constitution is an improvement.

The Deputies for Contact with Churches in South Africa seem to have come to a dead end in their talks with the Reformed Churches in South Africa (GKSA). It was decided that the deputies would continue to monitor how the GKSA deals with matters such as women in office and confessional faithfulness in its contacts with other churches in South Africa. It was also decided to again explore contact between local churches of the two federations as a means to move towards unity on the basis of Scripture and Confessions.

As far as theological training is concerned, synod decided that the deputies curators should appoint a National Coordinator to implement the required steps for a "Ministerial Training Structure." Work should continue on the statutes and regulations for a theological training manual and the facilitation, writing and development of a training program as well as the establishment of a library. Investigation should also continue into developing diploma courses or making use of existing facilities. It was finally decided that deputies not only guide and take responsibility for the developing of the Ministerial Training Structure, but also accept and retain their responsibility for the training of the present and future theological students.

The Synod Treasurer reported concerning Denominational Expenses, Needy Churches, and Needy Students. It was obvious that the fund for Needy Churches places a considerable financial burden on the churches, so it was decided to lessen the costs in other areas to try to lessen that burden. The deputies for Needy Churches were instructed to organize a national conference to draw up a plan for sustainable support for the needy churches.

Some revisions of liturgical forms were adopted and the revised Church Order and Regulations for Synod in both English and Afrikaans were officially adopted.

#### **Evaluation**

As demonstrated in our contacts and in the Acts of Synod Cape Town 2008, the Free Reformed Churches of South Africa continue to give evidence of faithfulness to the Word of God, to maintaining the adopted confessions and to upholding their Church Order. The Lord's great blessings over the extensive mission and mission aid work continue to be noted with gratitude. In

their own situation the FRCSA continue to work at developing their own Ministerial Training Structure. There remain considerable opportunities for mission and mission aid in South Africa

#### Recommendations

The Committee recommends that Synod decide:

1. To continue Ecclesiastical fellowship with the FRCSA under the adopted rules.

 2. To recommend the FRCSA to the churches as worthy of continued financial assistance, to help them support the needy churches in the federation, and to assist them with their extensive mission work and relief efforts among the disadvantaged and sick in South Africa.

3. To mandate the Board of Governors of our Theological College to encourage and assist the FRCSA in their efforts to set up their Ministerial Training Structure.

# D. The Presbyterian Church of Korea

Synod Smithers 2007 decided the following (Article 142, 4.2, of the *Acts*):

• Keeping in mind Consideration 3.6 above, to instruct the CRCA to send delegates to the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church of Korea (in consultation and rotation with sister churches).

Synod 2007 also decided (Article 86, of the *Acts*):

- To continue the Relationship of Ecclesiastical Fellowship with the Presbyterian Church in Korea according to the adopted rules.
- To express thankfulness to the PCK for sending such a large delegation to synod thereby indicating the value they place on our relations.
- To charge the committee:

• To work diligently on improving our relations with the PCK by mail/email, by meeting with their delegates at the ICRC, and by sending a member of the CRCA to Korea on a more regular basis.

To contact those sister churches who have relations with the PCK with the request that we alternate with them in visiting the General Assembly of the PCK.

  To send a copy of our agreement with the OPC to the PCK and ask for their reaction and possible agreement.

 To report on the state of communications to the next synod.

# **Communication and actions**

As mandated by Synod 2007 (Art. 86, 4.1), the Relationship of Ecclesiastical Fellowship, according to the adopted rules, was maintained with the PCK. This was put into practice by more extensive communication, by visiting the General Assembly and by discussions with the

Fraternal Relations Committee (FRC) of the PCK. The relationship and all that this entails has

been helped tremendously by the active exchange between members of the CRCA and Prof. Haemoon Yoo, an English- and Dutch-speaking member of the FRC of the PCK.

The CRCA received official letters of invitation to attend the 57<sup>th</sup>, 58<sup>th</sup> and 59<sup>th</sup> General Assemblies. There is still some confusion as to how these letters are to be received. They come from the General Secretary, but are sent to different individuals in the CANRC, who are mistakenly assumed to be the logical recipients. The CRCA sent a letter of greeting to the 57<sup>th</sup>, but was unable to do so for the 59<sup>th</sup> General Assembly, because of the late receipt of the letter of invitation.

The CRCA was able to send the brs. H. Leyenhorst and J. Vanderstoep to the 58<sup>th</sup> General Assembly of the PCK in September 2008. The decision to send delegates to the 58<sup>th</sup> GA was in response to the mandate of Synod 2007 (Art. 86, 4.3.1; Art. 142, 4.2.3). It was discussed with the RCNv and the FRCA that a three-year rotation would be tried. The FRCA sent a delegate in 2007 and the RCNv did so in 2009. While there, the CANRC delegates were privileged to address the GA and to meet with the FRC. In preparation for the meeting with the FRC, a document was prepared outlining the matters to be discussed with it. In this document, the matters directed by Synod 2007 (Art. 86, 4.2 and 4.3.) were addressed. The address to the 58<sup>th</sup> GA and the document used by the delegates in discussion with the FRC, are appended.

In discussions with the FRC, it became clear that, while we officially send our Acts to the PCK, we do so to the Office of the General Assembly (General Secretary). They likely do not make it to the FRC. The delegates committed to trying to direct a copy to the FRC and also to make an English summary of the main points (of particular importance to our relationship with the PCK) for the FRC.

 On a number of occasions, mention has been made in the CANRC of differences between the CANRC and the PCK concerning a number of confessional and polity matters, particularly fencing of the Lord's Supper and confessional membership. These matters have been considered as unresolved. Synod 2007 charged the CRCA to share with the PCK a Statement of Agreement reached between the OPC and the CANRC, which led to the establishment of Ecclesiastical Fellowship, and ask for the reaction of the PCK (Synod 2007, Acts, Art. 86,. 4.3.3). This was done, providing the members of the FRC with a copy of that statement, as found in the Acts of Synod 2007, p. 316, (it was reproduced in the Acts of 2007 as part of a synopsis of past discussions with the OPC).

The reaction of the FRC to this matter was that there is agreement with the first point (fencing of the Lords Supper). It is recognized, certainly by a number of prominent members of the PCK, that the matter of more involvement of elders in church government is needed. While, this is acknowledged, it was also stated that given the culture of Korea and the busyness of individuals appointed/ordained as elders, makes the reality of this requirement difficult. With respect to the matter of Confessional Membership, it was stated that this in fact is contained in the Constitution of the PCK. While a letter from the FRC, clarifying this second matter was promised, to date it has not been received.

The delegates also spoke about the relations the CANRC has with other church federations, with the intent of explaining the approach the CANRC take in such matters. It was mentioned that the IRCK had requested relationship (at the 2007 Synod, Art. 127), but that we were not ready to enter into such. There was a need for more information. Furthermore it was related that in the first instance some of this information needed to come from the PCK. It was acknowledged by the FRC that we (the CANRC) should in fact be relying, at least in part, on them for this additional information. The FRC expressed appreciation for our position of consultation with the federation with which we already have a relationship when another federation in that same country makes a request for church relationship.

The matter of church relations within Korea was also discussed. We were informed that there is virtually no contact between the PCK and the Independent Reformed Church in Korea (IRCK), at least in any official way. There were a number of reasons given, such as they (IRCK) are so small, and they do respect the PCK seminary (implication – they are not different?). There was a commitment made by the FRC to give some attention to this matter, especially in light of our position about consulting the federation that we already have a relationship with. The FRC did question why the IRCK approached the ICRC for membership before having discussions with the PCK. In personal discussions, we learned quite a bit more about the IRCK as well as the more recent Reformed Church in Korea (RCK). Much more information will need to be gathered before an informed decision about relationships with either or both of these federations can be made.

With respect to cooperating with our sister churches in visiting the PCK (Synod 2007, Art. 86, 4.3.2), this seems to have worked quite well. The Australian delegate to the 2007 GA shared his report with the CRCA. We in turn, shared our report with the Australians and the Dutch and we have been informed that we will receive the report of the Dutch visitation to the 59<sup>th</sup> GA.

From the PCK we received highlights (through and translated by Prof Yoo), of both the 57<sup>th</sup> and 58<sup>th</sup> GA. Some highlights of the 57<sup>th</sup> GA (2007) are:

- The Korean Theological Seminary (KTS), and the GA, has had to deal with a number of professors re: their teachings and their writings.
- The Faculty of the KTS has been entrusted to translate the Westminster Confession, Larger and Shorter Catechisms into modern Korean.
- The new Korean Bible Translation by the Korean Bible Society has been accepted as the pulpit Bible. This translation uses modern Korean. It does not replace the existing translation, which was revised more than 50 years ago, but both can be used side by side.
- A report by the Senate of the KTS on the charismatic movement, especially on the Vineyard movement was accepted. The report strongly criticizes that movement, which emphasizes the charisma of healing.
  - The proposal that a minister who is suspended or dismissed by his Presbytery or by the GA, cannot work as a professor at the KTS, was accepted.

Some of the highlights of the 58<sup>th</sup> GA are:

• The matter of baptism for the mentally handicapped is to be studied.

• Prof. Dr. Lee, Sung-koo was reinstated as a minister. This professor had been suspended in 2006 because of his views of ethics in Amos. The GA also accepted his resignation as professor of Old Testament. Before the decision, Prof. Lee apologized for the fact that he had caused a long-term theological dispute, which was not edifying for the whole church. He pledged that he believes the old and New Testament to be the only Word of God and that he accepts the Westminster Standards as its summary.

# **Recommendations to Synod 2010:**

- 1. to continue the Relationship of Ecclesiastical Fellowship with the Presbyterian Church of Korea, under the adopted rules.
- 2. to continue to discuss with the PCK, their relationship with the IRCK and the RCK, and with them to seek further insight into these two federations.
- 3. to continue to work cooperatively with the RCNv and the FRCA in exercising our relationship in meaningful ways, such as by regular communication, by visiting the General Assembly of the PCK, and by meeting and interacting with their delegates at the ICRC.

## E. The Reformed Churches in Brazil.

Synod 2007 decided to mandate the CRCA to continue the relationship of ecclesiastical fellowship with the RCB under the adopted rules, either directly or via the sending churches for mission in Brazil (Article 128, page 119 *Acts*).

Following Synod, the CRCA informed the RCB of the decision to continue ecclesiastical fellowship. Due to barriers of language and due to the heavy workload of the ministers and missionaries, contact with the RCB has been sporadic.

Via the church at Surrey, the CRCA received information concerning a Council (Synod) of the RCB in May of 2008. One of the main points was a decision to suspend for the time being the initial contact between the RCB and the IPB due to the disunity this issue had generated in the RCB and because of the lack of time, money and personnel to more thoroughly investigate the IPB. Also at the May 2008 Council, encouraging reports were heard concerning two existing churches which had recently embraced the Reformed faith and were now seeking entrance into the RCB. It was decided that one of these churches could be received as a sister church with entrance into the federation in 2010 while the other would be visited by the Church Visitors who would report to the next Council.

The CRCA sent a letter of greeting and encouragement to the Council which took place on October 13-16 of 2008. This letter also contained an official request for a copy of the Acts of the Councils/Synods of the RCB. The CRCA asked the Mission Board of the Church at Hamilton whether it would be able to represent the CRCA at this Council but due to other responsibilities they were not able to do so. Rev. C. Van Spronsen was planning to be present at this Council and agreed to represent the CRCA. In his subsequent report to the CRCA, he mentioned the following:

- At the present time, the RCB has only one broader ecclesiastical assembly, the Concilio.
   Each of the four churches, Greater Recife, Maragogi, Unai and Maceio send two delegates.
  - 2. New at this Concilio was the presence of two delegates from the Igreja Biblica Reformada in Cabo Frio, in the state of Rio de Janeiro. This congregation has requested to become part of the RCB. Currently, it is accepted as a sister church of the RCB.
  - 3. Another congregation in Esperanca, Paraiba was accepted as a sister church.
  - 4. A third congregation in Fortaleza, Ceara has asked the Reformed Church in greater Recife to take them under supervision.
  - 5. Radio broadcasts, internet presence, symposia and the activities of the Reading Room in Recife have contributed to these increased contacts.
  - 6. The RCB maintain sister church relations with the Can. Ref. Churches, the RCN and is in the process of applying to join the ICRC.
  - 7. The RCB suffers from a lack of manpower and financial resources. It appears difficult for various committees appointed by previous Synods to complete their work.
  - 8. The Canadian missionaries contribute greatly to further training and teaching.
  - 9. There is, as yet, no clear direction in regard to theological training; the need for it, however, is well appreciated.
  - 10. The church at Colombo (Curitiba) is struggling; it has decreased in size and is need of a pastor; Synod asked the church of Maragogi to "lend" Pastor Thyago for a short term; the Canadian missionaries will also be asked to make visits to Colombo.
  - 11. A considerable amount of time is spent in dealing with church discipline; the churches discipline members at a younger age than is customary among the Can. Ref. Churches.
  - 12. Official contacts with IPB have been put on hold for the present time.
  - 13. While there are struggles, there is also much progress and growth in the RCB.

Rev. VanSpronsen ended his report by saying that "one experiences a deep devotion and great thankfulness to the Lord, combined with a sincere desire to remain faithful to the Scriptures and the Confessions.

In November of 2008 a letter was received from the RCB asking the Canadian Reformed Churches to sponsor them in their application to join the ICRC. The CRCA decided to agree to this request. The membership application of the RCB was received by the 2009 assembly of the ICRC.

#### **Recommendations:**

- 1. To express gratitude for the continued faithfulness and growth of the RCB.
- 2. To continue the relation of ecclesiastical fellowship with the RCB under the adopted rules.

# F. The Reformed Churches in the Netherlands (RCN).

Synod Smithers 2007 decided (Article 133, pages 137-138 of the *Acts*):

- 1. To thank the committee for the work done with respect to the RCN.
- To continue the Relationship of Ecclesiastical Fellowship with the RCN under the adopted
   rules.
  - 3. That the CRCA end the discussion about the proportion of psalms and hymns by expressing the concern that the vast multiplication of hymns does nothing to advance to the priority of psalm singing and places at risk this principle.
    - 3.1. To instruct the CRCA to pay attention to the content of the hymns.
    - 4. That the CRCA has fulfilled its mandate in continuing the discussion with the RCN regarding the new Marriage Form and in reporting to the churches on this and, though questions remain, this discussion is concluded.
    - 5. That the CRCA has fulfilled its mandate with respect to studying the results of the deputyship "Fourth Commandment and Sunday" and reporting to the churches but should continue to monitor developments to see how the decisions about the fourth commandment work out in practice.
    - 6. To mandate the CRCA to discuss with the Deputies BBK the new approach to divorce in order to get answers to the hermeneutical concerns highlighted by the committee with respect to "the-style-of-the-kingdom" approach to divorce and remarriage. Attention should also be paid to the suggested revision of the Church Order about discipline in cases of divorce and remarriage.
- 7. To encourage the committee to monitor the situation in the RCN, keeping in mind the concerns expressed by the churches about the situation in the RCN.
  - 8. To instruct the CRCA to hold joint meetings at least every two years with the Deputies of the BBK to discuss pro-actively matters of mutual concern and interact with requests for advice or feedback about issues coming before Synods as much as possible in keeping with Rule 1 of Ecclesiastical Fellowship.
  - 9. To express appreciation for the way the RCN has sought to engage the GKH in unity talks by means of the appeal from Synod Amersfoort and to encourage them to continue to reach out to the GKH.

#### Communication

On June 26, 2007, the newly appointed member of the CRCA, the Rev. James Visscher, sent an email to the Deputies of the RCN on behalf of the Rev. Jack Moesker, br. John Pruim and himself. (These three brothers, as a sub-committee of the CRCA, had been charged with dealing with the RCN.) In that email he made some suggestions and posed a number of questions that would hopefully serve to improve communications between the CRCA, through its sub-committee, and the RCN Deputies.

On Sept. 6, 2007, the RCN Deputies responded giving various answers and suggestions of their own. They pointed out too that there would be a Synod of the RCN in 2008 and that the dates May 27 - 31 had been set aside as "Foreigners Week." During that "Week" there would be ample opportunity to sit down and discuss matters together.

#### Synod Zwolle 2008

Prior to Synod Zwolle the CRCA received various documents, as well as a web address where all of the documents relating to Synod Zwolle could be found. Most of these documents were in the Dutch language, although a few reports had been translated into English.

The reports that had been translated into English were "Men and Women in the Church," dealing especially with the role of women in the church and "Church Unity," dealing with the matter of confessional subscription between the Reformed Churches in the Netherlands (also known by the initials - RCN) and the Netherlands Reformed Churches (also known by the initials - NGK). The reason for singling out these two reports for translation into English is that both the Synod and the Deputies of the RCN wanted to hear the reactions of the foreign delegates to these reports.

The CRCA delegated the Revs. Jack Moesker and James Visscher to attend the General Synod of Zwolle. From May 27 - 31, 2008, they took part in the so-called "Foreigners Week." This involved being lodged outside of the town of Steenwijk and being shuttled back and forth between there and Zwolle, a journey of almost an hour.

 It should be mentioned that both prior to the 27<sup>th</sup> of May and after, we managed to meet together with delegates from the Free Reformed Churches of Australia, the Orthodox Presbyterian Church, the Reformed Presbyterian Church of Ireland, the Reformed Church in New Zealand, the Presbyterian Church in Korea, the Free Church of Scotland, and the Free Church of Scotland (Continuing).

On Tuesday, May 27, 2008, the foreign delegates came together with the members of Synod and the deputies dealing with foreign churches. During the morning session the Reformed Churches of the Netherlands introduced themselves to the visiting delegates in terms of their history, statistics, activities, and struggles. They also gave an overview of their relations with different churches around the world.

After this the Dutch organization De Verre Naasten (Our Distant Neighbours) introduced its work. Finally, attention was directed to broadcasting as a tool to spread the gospel.

On Tuesday afternoon a closed session was held in which foreign delegates were urged to be frank and open about their evaluation of the two reports that had been translated into English. It would not be proper to reveal what precisely went on in this closed session except to say that a number of the brothers used the opportunity to speak in a very forthright manner.

The two reports just mentioned were also discussed rather bluntly at times during the next few days in the open sessions that were held. It should be noted too that a great deal of time was given to foreign delegates in order that they might introduce their respective churches. Also, an outing was organized to the Theological University in Kampen where we listened to a number of lectures. After that we went on a boat trip which served as a good venue for sightseeing and for any number of informal meetings. All in all, warm Dutch hospitality was very much in evidence during these days.

#### ICRC Christchurch 2009

- Seeing that the Reformed Churches in the Netherlands sent two delegates (Rev. P.K. Meijer and
- 912 Prof. K. Wezeman) to the International Conference of Reformed Churches meeting in
- 913 Christchurch, New Zealand, Oct. 15 22, 2009, your delegates (Schouten, Vanderstoep, and
- 914 Visscher) took the opportunity to meet several times with them.

Discussions took place about our proposed report to Synod Burlington 2010, about the instructions that we received from Synod Smithers 2007, as well as about developments in our respective churches.

#### **Comments**

While the idea of having a "Foreigners Week" at Synod Zwolle was in some ways a good idea, it is to be regretted that there was no real opportunity to speak together as Canadian and Dutch deputies. As a result, we were not able to discuss a number of pertinent matters with our Dutch counterparts. A further attempt will be made when we meet with them at the ICRC in Christchurch, New Zealand

Also disappointing was the fact that we received an opportunity to address only two matters on the agenda of Synod. Other matters could not be discussed due to scheduling, lack of translated materials, and other factors.

The first matter that we were invited to address at Synod Zwolle had to do with the role of women in the church. A synodical committee had written up a preliminary draft suggesting various approaches to this matter. This draft received a lot of comments from both the members of synod and the visiting delegates. While some were in favour, others questioned the underlying hermeneutics and what they considered the slanted nature of the report. They also expressed their concerns about where this report and its recommendations would take the Reformed Churches of the Netherlands in the future.

The second report on confessional subscription in connection with the Netherlands Reformed Church (NRC, Dutch initials NGK) also attracted more than a little debate. The committee that prepared this report was divided into majority and minority. The majority was of the opinion that the RCN should move forward with the NRC seeing that there was a new openness towards confessional binding in those churches. The minority report, however, questioned this seeing that these same churches had decided already in principle to open all of the offices in the church to women.

By and large the foreign delegates expressed their support for the minority report and warned against the adoption of the majority report.

Some weeks after we departed, Synod Zwolle took up the matter of these two reports again. It decided to adopt most of the recommendations of the report on the role of men and women in the church and thus appointed a number of committees to study the matter further and to come with practical applications.

As for the report on confessional subscription, Synod decided to proceed more in line with the minority report and charged the committee dealing with this matter to have further discussions with the Netherlands Reformed Church about subscription and women in office.

#### **Evaluation**

From the above it is clear that the input of foreign delegates did have some impact when it came to the matter of confessional subscription. Still, this is a matter that will need further monitoring and close study in the days to come.

With respect to the report on the role of women in the church, it is hard to say what sort of an impact was made by the foreign delegates. At present all that we can do is wait and see what the committees dealing with this matter come up with. No doubt we should be prepared to discuss this matter further, if need be, in the future.

What concerns us about both reports, however, is the increasingly large role that sociology appears to play. It seems as if undue weight and importance is being given to sociological theories, models, forms of inquiry and evaluations. This is a matter of concern since the Church is to be shaped and governed by the Word of God and not by the social sciences.

## **Other Matters**

With respect to the matter of the new hymns, there is evidence that this controversy is dying down and that the RCN has adopted better procedures on how to evaluate existing hymns and how to incorporate them into the life of the church. Once the new song book is complete, we shall be in a better position to evaluate this matter.

As for the matters relating to the Fourth Commandment and the divorce and remarriage, we did not receive an opportunity to speak about these items with the Dutch deputies at Synod Zwolle.

In our meetings at Christchurch, however, the matters relating to our mandate were discussed again. In particular attention was paid to the key area of hermeneutics, namely on how we are to understand, interpret and apply the Scriptures. One of the suggestions that arose out of these discussions was that it would be very beneficial if a conference could be organized in which the professors at Hamilton and Kampen would come together to discuss current hermeneutical issues and concerns.

It may also be pointed out here that Synod Smithers instructed the CRCA "to see how the decisions about the fourth commandment *work out in practice*" (italics ours - CRCA). On the surface this seems to be a reasonable demand; however, in reality it is an almost impossible demand to meet. How are we to discover what goes on "in practice" in a rather large church federation? It would take an extensive trip through the Netherlands, any number of surveys and interviews to discover just what is being done with the fourth commandment. And even then we would not have the complete picture. As a result, we would urge Synod Burlington to ensure that

our future mandate restricts itself to actual decisions (which we can evaluate) rather than to practices (which are almost impossible for us to evaluate).

A new and different matter that has arisen since Synod Smithers has to do with men who are connected with the Theological University. First, we read about the controversial remarks made by Dr. G. Harinck in the Dutch press. Second, we were confronted with the appointment of Dr. S. Paas, an appointment that proved to be a lightning rod for more criticism directed at the TU.

With regard to the comments of Dr. G. Harinck, we expressed disappointment at Synod Zwolle that those who are in a position of oversight did not call on him to retract his remarks. A fudged apology is no substitute for a clear retraction.

With regard to the appointment of Dr. S. Paas, we are disappointed that a theological seminary that professes to be solidly biblical and reformed would appoint as a teacher someone who writes and defends a dissertation that makes so many concessions to liberal scholarship.

#### Recommendations

The CRCA recommends that Synod Burlington 2010 decide:

- 1. To continue the relationship of ecclesiastical fellowship with the RCN.
- 1021 2. To monitor developments regarding the quality or contents of new hymns.

3. To give priority to the matter of biblical hermeneutics, discussing this with deputies of the RCN and through them with the appropriate committees of synod.

 4. To seek ways to organize a conferences on hermeneutics which would involve professors currently teaching at Hamilton, Kampen and perhaps elsewhere.

 5. To pay special attention to the upcoming report on the role of women in the church and to discussions currently taking place between the RCN and the Netherlands Reformed Churches.

 6. To express disappointment that:

 a. Synod Zwolle of the RCN did not demand that one of the professors teaching at the Theological University in the Kampen retract his controversial remarks.

 b. The Theological University did not exercise greater care in the case of a more recent appointment to its faculty.

# **G.** The Reformed Churches in New Zealand.

Synod 2007 decided the following (Article 66, p.35, of the *Acts*):

 1. To recognize that the RCNZ is a faithful church of God and accept the invitation of the RCNZ to enter into a Relationship of Ecclesiastical Fellowship according to the established rules.

 2. To write a letter addressed to the next synod of the RCNZ communicating this decision and including the request that the RCNZ take note of and take seriously the concerns of the FRCA regarding the CRCAustralia.

**3.** To send a delegate (delegation) to the next synod of the RCNZ in order to present this letter to formalize relations and visit the churches.

Subsequent to Synod 2007, the CRCA wrote a letter addressed to the 26<sup>th</sup> Synod of the Reformed Churches in New Zealand communicating the decision of Synod Smithers to enter into a relationship of Ecclesiastical Fellowship. This letter included a request that the RCNZ take note of and take seriously the concerns of the FRCA regarding the CRCAustralia. What follows is a quotation from the letter of the CRCA to the RCNA Synod:

"In its deliberations Synod Smithers took note of the concern of the Free Reformed Churches of Australia about the relationship of the RCNZ with the Christian Reformed Church of Australia. Since this church body has a relationship of ecclesiastical fellowship with the Christian Reformed Church of North America, we share the concern of the Free Reformed Churches of Australia."

"As we live in North America, we are close witnesses of the Christian Reformed Churches and we believe that their current decline into forms of theological liberalism is a danger not only for their own churches but also for their sister churches such as the CRC Australia. Already, approximately 100 congregations have seceded from the Christian Reformed Churches of North America because of its loss of confessional integrity as manifested, for example, in giving permission and encouragement to ordain women in all the offices of the church. We trust that you will continue to watch this situation closely."

The CRCA also sent one delegate (B. Wielenga) to the 26<sup>th</sup> Synod of the RCNZ, held in Hastings. The delegate stayed for the duration of the synod, from September 6 to September 11, 2008, attending all the sessions of Synod, being seated as a fraternal delegate. In the course of his address, our delegate conveyed brotherly greetings, reiterated the request of Synod Smithers to take note of and take seriously the concerns of the FRCA regarding the CRCAustralia, and read and delivered the letter communicating the decision of Synod Smithers to enter into a relationship of Ecclesiastical Fellowship with the RCNZ.

Regarding the relationship with the CRCAustralia, Synod Hastings decided the following:

1. To continue our sister-church relationship with the CRCA.

 2. To continue the meetings between the CER [Committee for Ecumenical Relations] of the CRCA and our IRC [Interchurch Relations Committee].

 3. To send two delegates to the next synod of the CRCA.

That Synod convey to the CRCA through the Interchurch Relations Committee that our sister-church relationship continues under strain due to their approval of the practice of ordaining women to the office of deacon.

Synod Hastings decided the following regarding relations with the FRCA:

Synod also decided:

- 1. To acknowledge with sadness that we have been unable to make progress towards a sister church relationship with the FRCA.
  - 2. To inform the FRCA that we cannot accept that our sister-church relationship with the CRCA should be an impediment to the FRCA accepting our offer.
  - 3. To continue our offer of sister-church relations with the FRCA.
  - 4. To convey these decisions to the FRCA by correspondence.
  - 5. To send a delegate to the next synod of the FRCA.

In connection with the RCNZ's relationship with the CRCAustralia, it is becoming evident that the confidence of the RCNZ in the theological education given at the Reformed Theological College in Geelong is not as strong as it once was. The seminary is jointly supported by the CRCAustralia and the RCNZ. In regard to theological education, Synod Hastings decided the following:

- 1. To appoint two deputies (and an alternate) charged with supervising all RCNZ ministerial students wherever they are studying.
- 2. That the deputies interview each student annually where this is geographically possible.
- 3. That both (or one) of the deputies shall visit the RTC [Reformed Theological College] annually to:
  - a. meet with RCNZ students;
  - b. discuss curriculum and student progress with the RTC faculty;
  - c. meet with the CRCA deputies to discuss Vicariate placements.
- 4. That the deputies continue their responsibility for arranging Vicariate placements.
- 5. That the Churches continue to support the RTC financially by a recommended contribution of \$63,000 p.a. in the inter-synodical period.
- 6. That the deputies be instructed to conduct a review of the requirements of the RCNZ for theological education for the future (with authority to co-opt others to assist in this review) and report back to the next synod with recommendations. This review is to cover:
  - a. The content and type of theological education (i.e. practical/equipping, or academic/theological, or what combination of both and how that combination should be weighted)
  - b. The delivery of this education (e.g. through the RTC, MARS, or to be based more in NZ)

In light of this, the CANRC might more explicitly offer the services of the Theological College in Hamilton as a possible alternative for the theological education of the RCNZ students for the ministry.

During the time our delegate was in New Zealand, there was opportunity to visit only the Reformed Church in Hastings. During the ICRC meeting in Christchurch, October 2009, delegates to that conference were able to visit more churches.

Synod Hastings decided the following regarding the relation with the CANRC:

- 1. To express our appreciation to the CANRC for their acceptance of our invitation to enter a sister church relationship with them.
  - 2. To continue to work closely with the CANRC in connection with the mission work in PNG.
  - 3. To send a delegate to the next synod of the CANRC.

# 1142 Recommendations to Synod 2010:

- 1143
  1. to continue the relation of ecclesiastical fellowship with the RCNZ under the adopted
  - 2. to continue to monitor the relation between the RCNZ and the CRCAustralia and encourage the RCNZ to remain vigilant re developments of concern in the CRCAustralia.
  - 3. to encourage the RCNZ to keep seeking ways to grow closer towards the FRCA.
  - 4. to invite the RCNZ to become better acquainted with the Theological College in Hamilton.

## II. The Indonesian Churches – The CRCI and the RCI

# **Background**

The need to establish contact and sister relations with faithful churches in Indonesia becomes more urgent as the mission work of the Canadian Reformed Church of Smithville has borne fruit. Rev. Edwer Dethan, the missionary in Kupang, the East Timor area of Indonesia, has experienced God's blessings upon his work. One church (Dalam Tuak) has been established and a number of other preaching point as are ready to become instituted congregation. However, these must join a federation. There are two faithful federations in this area, the CRCI and the RCI. The RCN has recognized both as sister churches, while the FRCA has extended ecclesiastical fellowship to the RCI and has declared the CRCI to be a faithful Church of Jesus Christ. A call has gone out to these two federations to unite. The proximity of the churches would allow for each federation to become a separate classis or Regional Synod in a new federation. Work has begun to realize this unity. Also, it would seem contrary to these efforts to advise the newly-instituted Church in Dalam Tuak to organize yet another federation or to recommend and so favour one of the existing ones, thereby torpedoing the unifying efforts underway.

#### Mandate

In regard to the **CRCI**, Synod 2007 gave the CRCA the following mandate:

- 1. To consult with all sister churches as per Rule #3 bearing in mind Considerations 4.24.4 and Recommendation 5.2.
- 1178 2. To seek clarity into the situation of the CRCI using also information solicited from the churches at Smithville and Edmonton Immanuel.
- 1180 3. To promote efforts towards federative unity with the CRCI.
- 4. To encourage the CRCI to cooperate with the FRCA, RCN and RCI in the establishment of

joint theological training.

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1184 In regard to the **RCI**, Synod 2007 gave this mandate:

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- To delay accepting the invitation from the RCI to enter into ecclesiastical fellowship until all
   the necessary information is available to make a decision concerning ecclesiastical
   fellowship with the CRCI
  - 2. To mandate the CRCA to encourage the RCI to:
    - a. Promote efforts toward federative unity with the CRCI.
    - b. Cooperate with the CRCI in joint theological training.

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# Calvinist Reformed Churches in Indonesia (Gereja Gereja Reformasis Calvinis di Indonesia NTT): CRCI

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Please note: Some further information regarding Communications and Actions, as well as an Evaluation and Recommendations in regard to the CRCI will follow in a Supplementary Report

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#### **Communication and Actions**

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- The CRCA sent a letter on June 26, 2007 to inform the CRCI of the decisions of Synod Smithers 2007. A copy of the unofficial Acts of this synod was attached.
- A letter was sent on Feb. 18, 2008 to the Deputies of the Free Reformed Churches of
   Australia for Relations with Churches Abroad seeking information about their contact with
   the CRCI.
- A letter was sent to the Committee for Contact with Churches Abroad of the CRCI on Feb.
   18, 2008, seeking further information about their churches. Mention was made of their
   recent synod, which had been attended by official delegates of the RCN and also by Rev. A.
   Souman who had been authorized to bring greetings on behalf of the CRCA.
- Rev. Yonson Dethan emailed us on Feb. 28, 2008, to inform us he had received our communication but had not yet been able to convene a meeting because of the weather. He inquired about possibly convening an international synod with our federation once the CRCI had been able to have a synod with the RCI
- In January, 2009, Rev. A. Souman shared his report on his attendance at Synod Kupang
   2008. A number of appendices were attached.
- The Revs. E. Dethan and A. Souman met with the CRCA in January, 2009. They shared their insights on the mission work on East Timor and spoke of the urgency to provide a federative home for the newly-established congregation of Dalam Tuak and others that may soon follow.
- An email was received from Rev. Yonson Dethan on May 14, 2009 via the secretary of the ICRC, informing us of the sudden death of his colleague and friend Yahya Teti.
- Delegates of the CRCA met with the Mission Board of Smithville on Sept. 9, 2009.
- Rev. A. Souman submitted a report on his private visit to the Kupang area and visits with the Revs. E and Y Dethan as well as with Rev. Madah Bida of the GGRI in September 2009.

• The delegates to the ICRC Conference in Christchurch NZ were able to carry out discussions with Rev. Yonson Dethan.

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# 1230 Reformed Churches in Indonesia - NTT (Gereja Gereja Reformasi di 1231 Indonesia NTT): RCI

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Please note: Some further information regarding Communications and Actions, as well as an Evaluation and Recommendations in regard to the RCI will follow in a Supplementary Report.

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#### **Communications and Actions**

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- A letter was sent to this federation on June 26, 2008, to inform the RCI of the decisions of Synod Smithers 2007. The unofficial Acts of this synod were attached.
- A request for further information on the relationship between the RCI and the CRCI and the theological training issue was sent on Feb. 18, 2008.
- A response was received on Nov. 6, 2008, in which information was provided about the federation, its theological training in on Sumba, its role in seeking to bring unity in the CRCI as well as between the RCI and the CRCI were provided. It also contained the request for strengthening the bond with our churches through visits, seeking assistance through lecturers and financing for its theological training, and renewing its desire for a sister church relationship.
- An email was received from the federation on Sept.14, 2009 to inquire about our findings and recommendation to our upcoming synod.
- response was sent on Oct.1, 2009 to propose the delegates meet at the ICRC conference in Christchurch, NZ.
- The RCI extended an invitation to the CRCA to send an official delegate to its Synod in
   2008. Since there is no official relationship between our federations, our committee could not honour this request.
- An email was received on Aug, 2009 asking what decisions the CRCA proposed to follow in its recommendations to Synod.
- A reply was sent that our delegates hoped to meet and discuss matters at the ICRC
   1259 conference in Christchurch, NZ. There a meeting took place with Rev. Umbu Pariamalinya.
- A letter was sent to Rev. Pila Njuka on October 24, 2009 requesting information about contact between the CRCI and the RCI and about possible cooperation in theological education between the RCI and the CRCI. The main point of the letter was to determine whether the RCI and the CRCI had acted on suggestions from the CRCA and from brothers in the CANRC about how to work for greater unity between the two federations in Indonesia.
  - On November 7, 2009, a letter was received from the Deputies for Relations with Churches Abroad of the RCI. In it, they gave information about how the RCI has worked to promote unity between the CRCI and the GGRM (which includes reconciliation between Rev. Yonson Dethan and Rev. Eli Fangidae. So far, these efforts have not met with success. They also reported that the deputies of the RCI spoke at the CRCI Synod in 2007 and openly invited these churches to join the RCI on the grounds that their respective churches have the

1271 same confessions and church order and live in the same province. The RCI feels that the 1272 CRCI should join their federation rather than vice versa because the RCI is registered and acknowledged by the government whereas the the CRCI is not and likely won't be in the near 1273 1274 future. As of the present, the RCI has not received any response from the CRCI or even an acknowledgment of its proposal. The deputies also report that a special Synod was called in 1275 the CRCI for August 12 of 2009 to deal with the problem between Rev. Fangidae and Rev. 1276 1277 Yonson. Delegates of the RCI were also invited to be present and did send a delegation. 1278 Unfortunately, while Rev. Fangidae was present, Rev. Yonson did not appear. Because 1279 there were not enough delegates to convene a Synod, the delegates formed a team to meet 1280 with Rev. Yonson. However, Rev. Yonson did not welcome this team. The RCI has decided to once more attempt sending a team to Rev. Yonson in the beginning of 2010. This 1281 visit will be important for the RCI since at its Synod in August of 2010, a decision will be 1282 made whether or not to accept the GGRM and the CRCI as sister churches or to reject one or 1283 1284 both of them. The RCI believes the problems between the GGRM and the CRCI are not doctrinal but arise out of the personal conflict between Rev. Fangidae and Rev. Yonson. 1285 1286 The RCI believes that unification talks with the CRCI can proceed only when these two individuals and their church federations are reconciled. In short, the RCI is convinced that it 1287 has done all it could to promote unity between itself and the CRCI. The deputies of the RCI 1288 also inform the CRCA that cooperation in theological education between the RCI and the 1289 CRCI should be possible. Ministers of the CRCI (including Rev. Yonson) were in fact 1290 appointed to the Board of the College in Sumba by Synod 2001 of the RCI. According to the 1291 1292 RCI, the CRCI members of the Board withdrew only when Rev. Yonson was not elected 1293 chairman (the RCI believes the chairman should be from the RCI since the College belongs to the RCI). 1294

• In its letter of November 7, 2009, the deputies of the RCI state that they do not believe it would be right for the CANRC to withhold recognition of their churches until unity is achieved with the CRCI. They also express the belief that it would be proper for churches established through the mission work of Smithville to join the RCI since they have been in existence the longest and because the churches of the CRCI are in some disarray.

# III. Churches not in ecclesiastical fellowship.

- A. The Presbyterian Church of Eastern Australia (PCEA). Synod 2007 decided to not enter into ecclesiastical fellowship with the PCEA. This decision was communicated by the CRCA in June of 2007. A reply was received on July 31, 2007 acknowledging receipt of our letter. There has been no further communication with this federation of churches.
- B. The Independent Reformed Church in Korea (IRCK). Synod 2007 decided to not enter into ecclesiastical fellowship with these churches. This decision was communicated by the CRCA to the IRCK in June of 2007. There has been no further communication with these churches until delegates of the CRCA met with Rev. Heon Soo Kim during the ICRC Conference in October, 2009. From our discussion with him and from his presentation to the ICRC, a number of important points became evident. One of the concerns about the IRCK in the past had been its episcopal form of church government. However, in August of 2009, the ICRK
- 1315 held a General Synod to revise the constitution's episcopal governance structures. We also
- 1316 learned that elders have been ordained in their various congregations. The IRCK gives every

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- 1317 evidence of being a confessionally-grounded and self-consciously Reformed denomination.
- They have adopted the Three Forms of Unity and the Church Order of Dordt. They celebrate the 1318
- Lord's Supper between 4 and 6 times per year and exercise care in oversight of the Table. 1319
- 1320 Catechetical preaching during the second worship service is the norm. Members of the IRCK
- have translated a large amount of Reformed literature used among the CANRC into Korean. The 1321
- 1322 IRCK are concerned about false ecumenism (especially in view of the fact that the 10th
- 1323 Assembly of the World Council of Churches will be held in Korea in 2013). At the 2009 ICRC
- Conference, the IRCK was received as a member church, having been sponsored by the Christian 1324
- Reformed Churches in the Netherlands and the Reformed Churches in the Netherlands -1325
- 1326 Liberated.

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## **Recommendation to Synod 2010:**

1330 1. To recognize the IRCK as faithful churches of the Lord.

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2. To mandate the CRCA to continue contact with the IRCK with a view to making a recommendation regarding ecclesiastical fellowship to Synod 2013.

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2. To mandate the CRCA to discuss the matter of the IRCK with the PCK and with the RCK.

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#### C. The Reformed Churches in Korea (RCK)

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• The CRCA received a letter dated July 17, 2009, containing extensive information about this federation of churches along with an official request for ecclesiastical fellowship with CANRC. From this letter, the following information can be highlighted:

The federation consists of five congregations and a total of 200 members.

• The federation has translated the liturgical forms used by the CANRC and has

Several ministers of the CANRC have visited congregations of the RCK.

• This is a very young federation of churches established in 2008. The ministers and

members have their background in various presbyterian denominations in Korea

The federation has adopted the Three Forms of Unity and the Dort Church Order.

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- 1353 1354 On October 7, 2009, the CRCA sent a letter or reply to the RCK indicating our gratitude for 1355
- its commitment to the Reformed faith. At the same time, the CRCA indicated that it could not at this time recommend ecclesiastical fellowship with the RCK for the following reasons: 1356 1357

which were deemed to be neglectful of confession truth.

The federation has a complete Psalter set to Genevan melodies.

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- This federation is very new and we need to learn more about these churches. • We have a sister church relationship with the Presbyterian Church of Korea and we
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- need to discuss the RCK with the PCK.

adopted them for their own use.

- It is not clear to the CRCA why the RCK churches do not work with the Independent Reformed Churches of Korea.
  - In our October 7, 2009, letter to the RCK, we invited them to further dialogue with us. On October 17, 2009, we received another extensive letter from the RCK answering the questions posed by the CRCA in its letter of October 7, 2009. The following can be highlighted:
    - Ministers of the RCK come from various Presbyterian churches in Korea (there are over 100 Presbyterian denominations in Korea). These men were united by a common concern about a perceived deformation among the Korean Presbyterian churches and had a desire to build up a "true reformed church." In 2002, they established a group to study the Reformed Confessions and Church Order. They frequently invited Dr. S.G. Hur to give lectures to them regarding Reformed faith and life. In 2004, they came to the decision to establish a new church federation. They felt that they could not join any of the existing churches without compromising their Reformed commitments.
    - The RCK has adopted the Three Forms of Unity and the Church Order of Dort.
    - The RCK has a translated version of the Book of Praise of the CANRC.
    - The RCK began with two congregations but has grown to five and is currently in the process of receiving a sixth congregation.
    - The RCK feels that there is some creeping deformation in the PCK of which they provided several examples such as pulpit exchanges between PCK ministers and men who serve liberal churches.
    - The RCK feels that it cannot join the IRCK due to hierarchical elements in its church government and because the IRCK has as its main standard the Westminster Confession.

#### Recommendation

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- 1. To recognize the RCK as faithful churches of the Lord.
- 2. To mandate the CRCA to continue the contact with the RCK with a view to making recommendations regarding ecclesiastical fellowship to Synod 2010.
- 2. To mandate the CRCA to discuss the matter of the RCK with the PCK and with the IRCK.
- 1396 D. The Reformed Churches in the Netherlands Restored (GKH). Synod
- 1397 2007 decided not to accept the request of the GKH to acknowledge them as sister churches.
- 1398 Synod also decided to admonish the GKH in a brotherly manner for its unlawful separation. In
- accordance with the instruction of Synod, a letter of admonishment was sent in June 2007.
- 1400 Since that time, there has been no response from the GKH. The CRCA did receive a copy of a
- new publication entitled *Continua* (Vol. I, January 2009). This publication contains part 1 of a
- projected four part series critiquing the decision of Synod 2007 not to enter into ecclesiastical
- 1403 fellowship with the GKH.

# IV. The International Conference of Reformed Churches (ICRC)

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#### Mandate

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Synod Smithers decided

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- 1. to continue the participation of the Canadian Reformed Churches in the ICRC and send two voting delegates and two advisory members to New Zealand in 2009;
- 2. to convey synod's decision on Art. IV.1.a. of the Constitution to the corresponding secretary of the ICRC:
- 3. to use the opportunities presented at the conference to interact with and gather information from delegates of other churches;
  - 4. to submit a report of the 2009 ICRC to the next synod with an evaluation and recommendations.

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# Correspondence

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- On August 26, 2008, the Corresponding Secretary of the ICRC, the Rev. Cornelius Van
- 1422 Spronsen informed us that all submissions for the next meeting of the ICRC needed to be
- received by the end of October 2008. He also informed us about the theme, speakers and
- speeches for the Christchurch meeting of the ICRC in October of 2009. The theme will be "The
- 1425 Vitality of the Reformed Faith." Dr. George W. Knight III will speak on "Facing the Challenge
- of the Charismatic Movement" Dr. Nelson Kloosterman on "Facing the Challenge of
- 1427 Individualism in Church Life," Mr. Frank Van Dalen on "Facing the Challenge of Islam" and
- Dr. Mohan Chacko on "Facing these Challenges in the Asian-Pacific Context." Also, the Rev.
- 1429 C. Van Spronsen informed us that the Conference would be seeking the input of the members on the proposed amendment to the Constitution.

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- On January 7, 2009, the CRCA sent a letter to the Secretary of the ICRC proposing that a
- 1433 Committee of Review be appointed and that it initiate a complete review of the ICRC. It also
- supplied a long list of questions that might serve as the substance of this review.
- The CRCA decided to make this proposal seeing that soon the ICRC will have been in existence
- for 25 years and that this would mark an opportune time to assess as to whether or not the ICRC
- has lived up to its potential.

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On March 23, 2009, the Secretary wrote us confirming our sponsorship for member status of the Igrejas Reformadas do Brasil and the receipt of our letter regarding a Committee of Review.

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- On April 24, 2008, the ICRC sent us two protocols and a number of additional documents. The
- first protocol had to do with assistance to persecuted Christians and the second with responding
- to major disasters. It also sent a report of the Mission Committee for the 2009 Assembly, as well
- as a proposed mandate for the ICRC Missions Committee.

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## **Delegation**

At its meeting of March 28, 2009, the CRCA in view of its mandate from Synod Smithers delegated to the ICRC in Christchurch, New Zealand: Mr. Henk Hoogstra, voting delegate; Rev. Dr. James Visscher, voting delegate; Rev. Robert Schouten, advisor; Dr. John Vanderstoep, advisor.

It will be apparent from the above list that the CRCA delegated four of its members to the ICRC in Christchurch, New Zealand. In the past when the CRCA was charged to send a full delegation to the ICRC it often sent two committee members and two professors from the Theological College in Hamilton. This time the CRCA decided to take a different approach. It did so because it learned from past experience that the ICRC is a very convenient venue for arranging all sorts of meetings with sister churches from around the world. In order to maximize the value of these meetings, it makes more sense to delegate those who are already on the CRCA and who are familiar with the work of the Committee.

# The Christchurch Meeting of the ICRC

One day before the departure of the delegation, Mr. H. Hoogstra was forced to cancel his departure because he came down with pneumonia. It was decided that in his place, the Rev. R. Schouten would become the second voting delegate.

Highlights from the Conference included the following:

- the presentation of four addresses that were well received and thoroughly discussed in both group and plenary sessions;
- the reception of five new member churches: the Reformed Churches of Brazil, the Heritage Reformed Congregations, the Reformed Presbyterian Church of India, the Free Church of Scotland (Continuing), the Independent Reformed Church in Korea, bringing the membership to 30 churches.
  - the presentation and discussion of an extensive report on missions;
  - the decision to appoint a committee that will review all aspects of the Conference;
- the opportunity to meet with delegates from sister churches around the world and with delegates from churches applying for Ecclesiastical Fellowship with the Canadian Reformed Churches;
  - the clear manifestation of the catholic character of the Church of our Lord;
  - the exceedingly warm hospitality of the local members and churches of the Reformed Churches in New Zealand.

At the previous meeting in Pretoria the Free Church of Scotland (Continuing) was denied membership in the ICRC because it had initiated legal action against the Free Church of Scotland. Thankfully, it could be reported that the legal action had ceased and that the Free Church of Scotland was not opposed to the membership application of the FCS - C. Thus this church was received as a member.

An extensive report on the mission activities of the member churches was received and made available. The CRCA will see to it that copies of this report circulate among our mission sending and supporting churches. Due to the confidential nature of part of this report, it will not be made available to the general public.

Among the recommendations of the report was one that called for a meeting of the representatives of the world mission agencies of the ICRC member churches to exchange information and explore ways for possible multilateral cooperation. Another called for information to be gathered on short-term theological teachers in order that member churches may be made aware of existing resources and make use of them.

The Missions report also highlighted the fact that regional conferences have taken place in various parts of the world in between the meetings of the Conference. These regional conferences have dealt with both mission and theological matters. One glaring fact that emerged from this part of the report is that no regional conference has thus far been held in North America. Europe, Africa and Asia have hosted them, but not our part of the globe.

Another matter that had the attention of the Conference was a proposed amendment to the Constitution. Your delegates were instructed by the Synod of Smithers to vote against the amendment, and that is what we did. Other churches voted "yes" or "no" but some made their vote into a "yes, but...". This caused procedural difficulties and led the Conference to refer the matter to the Review Committee for its further study and recommendation.

With respect to the proposal to review the Conference, it was decided without opposition to appoint a committee to examine all aspects with the expectation that this will lead to further improvements in the usefulness of the Conference. The Review Committee is composed of eight members from around the world. Dr. John Vanderstoep and the Rev. Dr. James Visscher were appointed to the Committee and the latter was made its convener/chairman.

 The Conference also re-appointed the Rev. Cornelius VanSpronsen as the Corresponding Secretary and Mr. Henk Berends as the Treasurer. Both are well-known in our federation. The next meeting of the Conference has been set, the Lord willing, for September of 2013 in Cardiff, Wales and will be hosted by the Evangelical Presbyterian Church in England and Wales.

#### Other Meetings

As mentioned above, one of the reasons for limiting the delegates this time to the members of the CRCA had to do using the ICRC as an opportunity to meet separately with delegates from other churches. To that end we met with delegates from the Calvinist Reformed Churches in Indonesia, the Reformed Churches of India, the Free Church of Scotland, the Free Church of Scotland (Continuing), the Independent Reformed Church in Korea, the Presbyterian Church in Korea, and the Reformed Churches in the Netherlands. We would have liked to meet formally with several more delegates and delegations but we ran out of time. We will recommend that more time be made available for such gatherings at future meetings of the ICRC.

1540 Informal meetings and sharing was done with delegates from almost all of the churches present. Conversations during coffee breaks, meal times, noon walks, and daily bus rides resulted in a 1541 great deal of information being gathered and in many new ties being established. 1542

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#### **Evaluation**

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Your delegates to the ICRC may report that while the distances to be traveled were great, the effort was more than worthwhile. The papers, discussions, deliberations and fellowship were memorable. The benefits for the Canadian Reformed Churches as members of the ICRC are increasing. Our churches are becoming more and more active in the area of missions and we are convinced that the help, advice and assistance of other member churches will prove invaluable for us in the future.

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If there is an obvious weakness with the ICRC, it is not so much with the Conference as a whole, but with its North American members. To date we have had not even one regional conference, while there is much to discuss from missions to theology, from diaconal aid to theological education.

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The CRCA would also like to direct your attention to the fact that several of our sister churches or Churches in Ecclesiastical Fellowship are not members of the ICRC. Both the Free Reformed Churches in Australia and the Reformed Churches in Quebec have either pulled out or never applied. We see this as a regrettable development and would urge Synod Burlington to go on record as encouraging these churches to either re-join or join for the first time. At the same time we are convinced that both churches would benefit from membership, as well

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as be a benefit to the other members. Seeing that the decisions taken are all advisory, that we are small churches in a large world, that we need one another's prayers, counsel, and resources, that the Conference serves as one more way to spread the Reformed faith, we should urge them to seek membership.

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**Recommendations:** The CRCA recommends that Synod Burlington 2010 decides

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1. to continue the membership of the Canadian Reformed Churches in the International Conference of Reformed Churches;

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2. to instruct the CRCA to send a delegation to the next Conference scheduled to meet, the Lord willing, in Cardiff, Wales in 2013; 3. to seek ways to organize regular regional conferences of the ICRC members in North

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America, doing this, if possible, in co-operation with the North American Presbyterian and Reformed Council (NAPARC). 4. to encourage both the Free Reformed Churches in Australia and the Reformed Churches in

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Quebec to apply for membership in the ICRC.

## V. REVIEWING OUR APPROACH

**Note:** The material below has been sent to the Committee for Contact with Churches in North America (CCCNA) for their reflection and input. The CCCNA has indicated that it will send a response to the CRCA. No later than February 1, 2010, the CRCA hopes to issue a Supplemental Report which will incorporate the viewpoint and suggestions of the CCCNA.

#### A. NEW NAMES

The Committee on Relations with Churches Abroad would like to draw the attention of the churches and General Synod Burlington 2010 to our existing approach to other churches and the rules that govern these relations.

 At present, and for some time now, our approach has been to weigh carefully all requests for an official relationship with our churches, taking into account the confessional basis, history, church government and practices of such a church. Once everything has been found to be in good order, we officially declare such a church to be a true church of our Lord and offered it an official relationship. We call this relationship "Ecclesiastical Fellowship" and the rules that govern it - "Rules for Ecclesiastical Fellowship." The precise content of these rules can be found at the beginning of our report.

What this indicates is that as Canadian Reformed Churches we have one set of rules which we apply to all churches. We have no preamble or introductory set of rules governing churches whose request for "Ecclesiastical Fellowship," we are still weighing. We have no designation or rules governing churches that are fellow members with us in the International Conference of Reformed Churches (ICRC) or in the North American Presbyterian and Reformed Council (NAPARC). Finally, we have no rules for dealing with churches in "Ecclesiastical Fellowship" which are departing from Scripture and the Reformed confessions. Currently, our approach can be characterized as "all or nothing."

The CRCA has reflected often on this situation and now we come to the churches and to General Synod Burlington 2010 with a request to re-examine and refine our current approach. As such we would like you to weigh carefully our proposal, namely that in the future our relations with churches abroad, and even in North America, be approached in the following manner:

#### 1. Contact Churches

Whenever other churches approach us requesting a formal relationship, or whenever our churches decide to approach another church requesting a relationship with them, such churches should received a particular designation.

This means that when a General Synod of our churches has decided that there is sufficient evidence to indicate that another church should be considered a candidate for the more

permanent relationship called "Ecclesiastical Fellowship," the said church will fall under the designation - "Contact Church."

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1632 Under this designation the CRCA would be instructed to

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- a) obtain additional information on this church;
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- b) meet with representatives of this church at either a committee, synod or assembly level;
- c) prepare a report as soon as feasible, along with the required recommendations.

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The advantage of this approach and designation is that it indicates to an applying church, or to a church that we are approaching, that we are serious in our efforts. In addition, it does not leave them guessing and wondering about whether or not their request is being given due consideration.

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# Possible Churches Under This Designation

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- a) the Calvinist Reformed Churches in Indonesia (CRCI);
- b) the Independent Reformed Church of Korea (IRCK);
- c) the Reformed Churches in Indonesia (RCI);
- d) the Reformed Church of Korea (RCK);
- e) the Reformed Presbyterian Church of North America (RPCNA).

(see: Acts 2007 Synod Smithers about these churches)

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# 2. Fellowship Churches

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With respect to those churches with which we currently maintain a relationship of "Ecclesiastical Fellowship," we are making no proposal to alter the approach, name or rules. The current name and rules would continue to apply.

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## Churches Under This Designation

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- a) the Free Church of Scotland (FCS);
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- b) the Free Reformed Churches of Australia (FRCA);
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- c) the Free Reformed Churches in South Africa (FRCSA);
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- d) the Orthodox Presbyterian Church (OPC);\*e) the Presbyterian Church in Korea (PCK);
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  - f) the Reformed Churches of Brazil (RCB);
  - g) the Reformed Churches of Quebec (RCQ, was ERQ);\*
  - h) the Reformed Churches in New Zealand (RCNZ);
- i) the Reformed Churches in the Netherlands (RCN);
  - i) the Reformed Churches in the United States (RCUS);\*
- k) the United Reformed Churches of North America (URCNA);\*

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# 3. Associate Churches

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Currently we have, as mentioned above, only one category, one name and one set of rules that we apply to other churches which we recognize. Nevertheless, the reality is that we have *de facto* 

or indirect relations with a host of other churches, namely those churches who are fellow members with us in the ICRC and NAPARC.

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What is the status of these churches? What should we do with these churches? How do we regard them and approach them?

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As such the CRCA is not proposing that all of these other churches be placed under the umbrella of "Ecclesiastical Fellowship." We have neither the manpower nor the time to expand our mandate in such a way. In addition, we would also question the value of such an expansion.

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Yet such reticence on our part does not solve the problem as to the **status** of these churches and our relations with them. Therefore, the CRCA would like to recommend that churches which have been received as members of the ICRC and NAPARC be placed under the designation of "Associate Churches."

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## This means that we would

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- a) recognize them as churches of our Lord Jesus Christ in view of their membership in the International Conference of Reformed Churches and the North American Presbyterian and Reformed Council:
- b) express a willingness to work together with them in the areas of mission and theological training, should this prove feasible and helpful;
- c) greet and meet one another at the meetings and conferences of the ICRC and NAPARC.

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# **Churches Under This Designation:**

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#### **ICRC** Churches:

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  - a) the Associate Reformed Presbyterian Church (ARPC);\*
  - b) the Christian Reformed Churches in the Netherlands (CRCN);
  - c) the Confessing Reformed Church in Congo (CRCC);
  - d) the Evangelical Presbyterian Church in England and Wales (EPCEW);
  - e) the Evangelical Presbyterian Church of Ireland (EPCI);
  - f) the Free Church of Scotland Continuing (FCC);
  - g) the Free Church in Southern Africa (FCSA);
  - h) the Free Reformed Churches of North America (FRCNA);\*
  - i) the Heritage Reformed Congregations (HRC);\*
  - j) the Independent Reformed Church in Korea (IRCK);
  - k) the Presbyterian Church of Eastern Australia (PCEA);
  - 1) the Presbyterian Free Church of India (PFCI);
  - m) the Reformed Churches in South Africa (RCSA);
    - n) the Reformed Churches of Spain (RCS);
  - o) the Reformed Presbyterian Church of Ireland (RPCIre);
  - p) the Reformed Presbyterian Church of India (RPCInd);
    - q) the Reformed Presbyterian Church of North East India (RPCNEI)

#### **NAPARC** Churches:

- a) the Korean American Presbyterian Church (KAPC);
  - b) the Presbyterian Church in America (PCA).

\* also members churches in NAPARC.

# 4. Churches Raising Concern

This in turn brings us to another matter, namely what do we do when a church, with which we currently maintain "Ecclesiastical Fellowship," makes decisions and adopts practices that we deem to be placing it at odds with the Reformed faith? At present we have two largely unwritten approaches. The first is that we may decide to keep the relationship going, all the while gritting our teeth, so to speak, as well as praying and hoping for improvement. The second is to terminate the relationship altogether and immediately cut off all contact. Needless to say, the first approach is rather disquieting and the second is rather abrupt.

 As a result of this, the CRCA would propose that consideration be given to a new designation called "Churches Raising Concern." This designation would come into force whenever a general synod has serious concerns about whether or not the current relationship of "Ecclesiastical Fellowship" should be continued, but is not yet prepared to sever all ties.

 While not wanting to dictate in any way what the relationship with such a church would look like, we can envisage a situation in which a general synod may advise the churches to deny access to the pulpit to visiting ministers from that church, refuse to seat their delegates as advisors to our synods, and declare that the practice of receiving attestations without reservation is no longer in force

#### **Recommendations:**

1. Churches being considered for Ecclesiastical Fellowship be designated as "Contact Churches";

 Churches in Ecclesiastical Fellowship with us be designated as "Fellowship Churches";
 Churches that are fellow members with us in the ICRC and NAPARC be designated as

"Associate Churches";
4. Churches currently in Ecclesiastical Fellowship with us but who give reason for serious concern may be placed under the designation "Churches Raising Concern".

# B. CONSOLIDATION and REORGANIZATION

Your Committee would also like to address you on another matter. It has to do with the manner in which we are currently regulating our relations with other churches, both in North America and abroad.

If you take a step back in our history you would see that for many years all of the relations with other churches whom we recognized as sister churches (now also called "Churches in

1767 Ecclesiastical Fellowship") were channeled through the Committee of Relations with Churches Abroad (at one time called "The Committee for Correspondence with Churches Abroad"). 1768

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- 1770 But then in 1998 Synod Fergus decided that a re-structuring was necessary and appointed a
- Committee for Contact with Churches in the Americas (CCCA). It was made responsible for 1771
- 1772 contact with the Reformed Churches in Quebec, the Orthodox Presbyterian Church and the
- 1773 Reformed Churches in the United States.

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1775 The result of this re-structuring is that at present there are two committees dealing with other 1776 churches. Both are to investigate requests for entering into Ecclesiastical Fellowship. Both are to attend Assemblies, Synods and or meeting of other churches. Both write reports and 1777 recommendations to general synod. (See: Acts Fergus 1998, Article 132). 1778

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1780 The result is that we have two committees doing the same thing. The only thing that sets us apart is geography. Thus we currently have a situation of duplication. 1781

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1783 Yet not only do we have a situation of duplication, but we also have a situation of some

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- confusion. At the recent 2009 ICRC in Christchurch, New Zealand, the delegates from the Canadian Reformed Churches (who were members of the Committee on Relations with
- Churches Abroad) met with the delegates from almost all of the churches with which we have 1786
- Ecclesiastical Fellowship. 1787

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But then among those delegates were also delegates from the OPC and the RCUS. Yet the CRCA had never had any official meetings with these churches because our contact with these churches flows through the CCCA.

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An interesting note to this is that delegates from the OPC and RCUS asked us, "who are we supposed to be dealing with when it comes to inter-church relations, with the CCCA, with the CRCA, or with both?" It has to be said that inter-church relations are complicated enough, but that Synod Fergus 1998 by implementing a well-meant re-organization managed to make interchurch relations even more complicated.

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1799 But there are further complexities as well. There is the fact that the CRCA is based in the Fraser 1800 Valley of BC, a part of the CCCA is based in MB and a part of the CCCA is based in ON. So not 1801 only do we have two committees doing the same work, we also have two committees located in three provinces doing the same work. 1802

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1804 Further to that we have two committees evaluating requests for ecclesiastical fellowship, sending delegates to assemblies and synods, attending ecumenical gathers (such as the UCRC and 1805 NAPARC), writing reports and holding countless meetings. In short, a great deal of time, money 1806 and manpower is currently going into inter-church relations. 1807

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All in all, it leaves us to wonder whether or not too much attention is being paid to this area of our church life. At the same time there is the fact that so much attention leads to so many more reports and these in turn consume a great deal of time at the broadest assemblies of our churches.

1813	C. Th	e Way Ahead					
1814 1815	A ftor t	After this lengthy preamble you will no doubt see where we are heading. The CPCA is of the					
1815 1816 1817		After this lengthy preamble you will no doubt see where we are heading. The CRCA is of the opinion that some sort of re-structuring is necessary.					
1818 1819	-		nis re-structuring look like? After considering a number of different scenarios o consider the following				
1820	,, <b>c</b> ,, o	ara ime you t	o complete the following				
1821 1822	Recon	nmendation:					
1823 1824 1825	1.	That both the Committee for Contact with Churches in the Americas (CCCA) and the Committee on Relations with Churches Abroad (CRCA) be disbanded;					
1826 1827 1828	2.	That in their place one new committee be appointed called - <b>The Committee on Inter-church Relations</b> (CIR);					
1829 1830 1831	3.	That this new Committee be composed of <b>three sections</b> : a BC section, a Manitoba section and an Ontario section;					
1832 1833	4.	. That Synod designate a <b>convener</b> for each section;					
1834 1835	5.	That the current list of contact and fellowship churches be <b>re-aligned</b> ;					
1836	6.	That the <b>BC section</b> becomes responsible for the churches in Asia, namely:					
1837 1838 1839		a.	Fellowship Churches:				
1840 1841			The Free Reformed Churches in Australia The Presbyterian Church in Korea				
1842 1843			The Reformed Churches in New Zealand				
1844 1845		b.	Contact Churches:				
1846			The Independent Reformed Church in Korea				
1847			The Reformed Churches in Indonesia - NTT				
1848			The Calvinist Reformed Churches in Indonesia NTT;				
1849	_	m 3. 6					
1850	7.	1					
1851		namely:					
1852 1853							
1854							
1855		a.	Fellowship Churches:				
1856		u.	tene namp entirenes.				
1857			The Orthodox Presbyterian Church				
1858			The Reformed Churches in the US				

1859		The Reforme	d Churches in Brazil			
1860 1861	h	Contact Churches				
1862	0.	b. Contact Churches:				
1863		The Reforme	d Presbyterian Church of North America;			
1864						
1865	8. That the <b>Ontario section</b> becomes responsible for the churches in Eastern Canada,					
1866	Europe and A	Africa, namely:				
1867						
1868	a.	Fellowship C	hurches:			
1869						
1870			arch of Scotland			
1871			formed Churches in South Africa			
1872			d Churches in the Netherlands			
1873		The Reforme	d Churches in Quebec			
1874	1.	Comto at Clave	ohan.			
1875	b.	Contact Chur	cnes:			
1876 1877		The Erec Chy	urah of Spotland Continuing			
1878		The Free Chi	arch of Scotland - Continuing;			
1879	0 That each sec	etion consist of	four members two of which shall be ministers for a total			
1880		9. That each section consist of <b>four</b> members, two of which shall be ministers, for a total committee strength of <b>twelve</b> members;				
1881	committee st	icingui oi tweiv	e memoers,			
1882	10. That each sec	rtion is required	to share its minutes with the members of the other two			
1883	sections;					
1884	sections,					
1885	11. That the Con	veners of the th	aree sections meeting together annually;			
1886	11. 11141 1116 6011	veners or the th	nee seed on s meeting to getter annually,			
1887	12. That the entir	12. That the entire Committee meets together once every three years to finalize its report to				
1888	the General Synod and to discuss matters of mutual concern;					
1889		,	,			
1890	13. That General Synod 2010 make the following appointments:					
1891		•	0 11			
1892	BC S	ection -	H. Leyenhorst			
1893			R. Schouten ©			
1894			J. Vanderstoep			
1895			W. Wielenga			
1896						
1897	MB S	Section -	P.H. Holtvluwer			
1898			J. Kuik			
1899			A.J. Pol ©			
1900			H. vanDelden			
1901	ON S	ection -	R. Faber ©			
1902			E.Kampen			
1903			J. Moesker			
1904			C. Poppe			

1906 1907 1908 14. That General Synod refrain from setting retirement dates for the members of the CIR seeing that continuity is crucial and instead instruct the Committee to come up with a retirement schedule as needed and that best suits the work of the Committee;

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1910 15. That when delegates are selected to attend the meetings of the International Conference 1911 of Reformed Churches (ICRC) and the North American Presbyterian and Reformed Council (NAPARC), as much as possible one delegate be chosen from each section;

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#### 1913 1914 Comments:

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The above recommendation means that

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- the CIR will consist of 12 members and thereby bring about a reduction from the current 16 members (8 on the CRCA and 8 on the CCCA);
- both Fellowship and Contact will be dealing in the future with one committee;
- a proper line of communication has been established between all committee members dealing with both fellowship and contact churches;
- when meetings of the ICRC and NAPARC take place all sections of the Committee will be properly represented.

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#### VI. **Appendices**

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#### Α. Address of delegates of CRCA at Synod Zwolle:

1929 1930

Mr. Chairman, Members of General Synod Zwolle-Zuid 2008 of the Reformed Churches in The Netherlands

1932 1933

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It is an honour to be in your midst today and to bring you greetings and best wishes from your sister churches in Canada, namely the Canadian (American) Reformed Churches.

1934 1935 1936

Rev. J. Moesker and I, as delegates from the Canadian Reformed Churches, as well as Rev. F. Dong, missionary among the Chinese for the Canadian Reformed Churches of Cloverdale and Langley, would like to thank you for your hospitality and warm reception.

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Let me begin by saying that the Reformed Churches in the Netherlands continue to occupy a unique place in the life and history of the Canadian Reformed Churches. Many of our older members were born in this country and emigrated from here to North America. As well, many of them were shaped by church life in the Netherlands, both before and after the Second World War. Hence they hold dear the Reformed faith that was taught to them here in church, home and school. There are these special ties of race, language, culture and confession between us.

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Yet time and geography does create changes. For in addition to an older generation that still remembers its roots in Europe, there have arisen younger generations in Canada that no longer consider themselves to be Dutch, but rather Canadian or American. The Dutch language is

foreign to them, and many aspects of Dutch culture are strange to them as well. More and more they identify with North American culture, are at home in it.

At present there are 56 churches in our federation, with 53 of them being in Canada and 3 in the USA. The total membership stands at 16,500. As well there are 70 ministers, including 6 professors of theology, 12 retired ministers, 4 foreign missionaries and 3 home missionaries. Special mention should be made of the excellent work being done at the Theological College in Hamilton, Ontario. The Canadian Reformed Churches have been richly blessed by this institution which continues to educate men for the ministry of the gospel.

In addition, there is also a network of Christian schools across our land. Currently the members of our churches support 20 elementary schools, as well as 7 high schools and one teachers college.

Also, homes for the handicapped and the elderly have sprung up in different places.

Obviously, in comparison to your numbers and structures, ours are small and insignificant. Nevertheless, there is a sense among our people that the basic elements of church life are in place, and that we have become well-established on the North American continent.

Now, all of this represents a rich blessing from the Lord. Since the days of the institution of the first Canadian Reformed Church in 1950, a lot has been accomplished. God has been good to us. But along with blessing and privilege comes responsibility, with the result that already very early on in our history, there existed a strong desire to bring the gospel to other parts of the world. Led by the Church of Toronto, the churches in the east decided to do mission work in Irian Jaya, Indonesia. Some time later the churches in the West decided to target the country of Brazil.

In more recent times this missionary activity has increased with the result that currently the Canadian Reformed Churches are also at work doing mission and/or mission aid work in China, Haiti, Indonesia, Mexico, Papua, and Russia.

There is also a growing attempt to make an impact on Canadian society. At present many of our churches support the efforts of the Reformed Churches in Quebec to bring the gospel to the French-speaking citizens of our land. In Ontario mission work is being down among the inner city people of Hamilton, as well as among Portuguese immigrants in Toronto. Out west any number of our churches support the work of outreach being done among the native people of northern British Columbia and the Chinese people living in the greater Vancouver area and elsewhere.

Politically too, efforts are being made to let our light shine as members support the efforts of the ECP Center, a political action group. In various places associations that promote reformed political thinking and witnessing have been established and are hard at work.

What this shows you is that in our churches there is an awareness that now that we have established ourselves in this land called Canada, we must not allow ourselves to become smug and complacent. A failure to keep on contending for the faith will result in our churches and

members succumbing to the prevailing culture. In that connection these last decades have not been good to Canada as a spirit of secularism, materialism and mindless hedonism has invaded our society.

At the same time the cause of the Christian faith has not fared well either. The older, more established churches have long ago opted for a liberal approach to the Scriptures, lost their distinctiveness and are in steady decline. Evangelical churches of many kinds have to some extent stepped into the breach but their muddled approach when it comes to theology and worship has not halted the decline. In short, our nation needs the Reformed faith.

But enough said for the moment about us, we are here to speak with you on behalf of our churches. In that respect it should be noted by you that our last synod, the General Synod of Smithers 2007, has changed our committee as well as its mandate. With respect to our Committee on Relations With Churches Abroad (CRCA), its membership has been revamped and expanded. With respect to its mandate, in the past the CRCA was limited in its ability to react to what the sister churches were doing. Official comment was restricted to the decisions made by the major assemblies of the churches with which we maintain ecclesiastical fellowship. Synod Smithers, however, has instructed the CRCA to become more pro-active. This means that the CRCA is now charged to give its feedback, if necessary, not only to **decisions** made but also to **reports** that have been commissioned by and submitted to the major assemblies of our sister churches.

In addition to revising our mandate, Synod Smithers has also instructed us to acknowledge with respect to your churches that certain matters that were previously of some concern to us have been put to rest. Furthermore, it has ordered us to monitor various other developments relating to liturgy and ethical issues. Finally, it has charged us to pay particular attention to hermeneutical matters and how they are being dealt with in your churches.

 What all of this illustrates is that as churches that are in ecclesiastical fellowship with one another, we are trying to take our commitment to be a hand and a foot to one another seriously. This involves being open and honest with one another. It also involves listening to one another and, if need be, admonishing one another. But above it involves doing everything in a spirit of love.

In connection with this, let it be said openly and honestly here that we do have a number of serious concerns that we have already discussed with you over these last two days. These concerns arise in particular out of the two reports submitted to us, the one dealing with church unity discussions with the NGK on the role of the confessions and the other dealing with the role of men and women in the church.

With regard to the first report on church unity and subscription, we have mentioned already that we perceive there is a distinct difference between your hermeneutical approach and that of the NGK. This difference is highlighted by the manner in which the NGK defends their decision of opening all of the offices in the church to women.

The other report dealing with the role of men and women in your churches also raises some concerns relating to both content and the procedure that is recommended. We have relayed those concerns to you and there is no need to repeat them now.

A different concern, but one that needs to be mentioned, arises out of some deplorable and erroneous statements reported by the press in your country and made by a brother who occupies a position of leadership in your churches. While this matter has been dealt with by you already and put to rest perhaps, it continues to cause dismay and distrust among our members in Canada. We wonder why he was not asked to retract his offensive statements.

Be assured that in all of these discussions we are also aware that these are difficult days for you in the Netherlands. What used to be the homeland of many of us in Canada has changed a great deal in the last fifty years, and let us admit that it has not all been for the better. The rise of a militant form of Islam in the Netherlands, in Europe and elsewhere is deeply troubling. The emergence of a generation that worships itself and has little or no regard for the Lord and His Word in such areas as marriage and divorce, sexual relations and other ethical matters, is equally troubling. In addition, the fact that many who once professed to be Reformed in doctrine and life but seem to have forgotten what this means in reality, is disappointing, to say the least. And then there are those who think that a broad evangelicalism which mixes Arminian humanism and Pentecostal emotionalism is to be preferred over the Reformed faith - now that is really astonishing.

 Still, none of this should actually surprise us. Did the apostle Jude, and others, not warn us already ages ago? "But, dear friends, remember what the apostles of our Lord Jesus Christ foretold. They said to you, 'In the last times there will be scoffers who follow their own ungodly desires.' These are men who divide you, who follow mere natural instincts and do not have the Spirit. But you, dear friends, build yourselves up in your most holy faith and pray in the Holy Spirit. Keep yourselves in God's love as you wait for the mercy of our Lord Jesus Christ to bring you to eternal life." (Jude 17-21)

As delegates from the Canadian Reformed Churches, we would urge you to continue to join with us, as well as with your other sister churches abroad and with the member churches of the International Conference of Reformed Churches around the world, as we seek to stand fast in our "most holy faith." Such a faith is grounded in the Word of God and is bold in its defense. Such a faith loves and promotes the confessions of the church. Such a faith adheres to biblical principles worked out in the Church Order of Dordt.

Let it also be said that such a faith must exercise the utmost care that it does not base itself more on culture than on Scripture. All around us we see churches surrendering their principles and practices due to the pressure exerted on them by members who want to be culturally relevant at all costs. Of course, as churches we need to be sensitive and aware of the surrounding culture, but when the demands of culture clash with the Word of God, we need to put the Word first and dare to speak prophetically. In the words of the apostle Paul to Timothy, we need to "guard the good deposit ... guard it with the help of the Holy Spirit who lives in us" (II Tim 1: 14).

In short, this should not be a time in which we compromise the Reformed faith or let the influences of the world sap its vitality. Rather it should be a time in which we are vigorous and

outspoken in our adherence to the Reformed faith as we wait for the mercy of our Lord Jesus Christ to bring (us) to eternal life" and as we work, pray and march towards that great day.

Brothers, may our Lord Jesus Christ, the Head and King of the church, bless your discussions and deliberations in such a way that they glorify Him, build up your churches and promote your ties with faithful churches everywhere.

2095 Thank you.

2097 Jack Moesker2098 James Visscher

# B. Address of delegates of CRCA to the 2008 General Assembly of the PCK, September 23, 2008.

Dear brothers in our one Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ,

We consider it an honour to be here in your midst for the gathering of the 58<sup>th</sup> General Assembly. This is only the second time that a delegate or delegates from the Canadian Reformed Churches have been able to do this. My fellow delegate, br. Harold Leyenhorst was privileged to attend your jubilee celebrations in 2002. Our churches send their greetings and we pray that the Lord of heaven and earth may bless your deliberations and decisions. May they serve the up building of His church gathering work throughout the world, in unity of faith.

We thank you for the invitation and the hospitality accorded us. We very much appreciated the presence of your delegation to our 2007 Synod in Smithers, British Columbia. It is these kinds of exchanges that will assist us in the communications that are so critical for churches that live in ecclesiastical fellowship. We ought to be available to assist one another, when that is desired.

Briefly, we are a relatively small federation of some 54 churches, with a total membership of approx. 16,500 members, of which 9400 are communicant members. For the most part, our members are of reformed, Dutch origin, the result of vigorous immigration in the 1950's. Understandably, as tome progresses, a growing proportion of the current members has been born in Canada and considers itself Canadian. Furthermore, we have an increasing number of members that have come into the church from outside this Dutch/Canadian core. An increasing proportion of our ministers has been trained in North America, predominantly at our own Theological College. This institution has been a real blessing for our federation and we give thanks to the Lord for it.

In addition to taking part in some of the proceedings of your General Assembly, we also hope to meet with your Fraternal Relations Committee. It is our hope that we may learn more about you and you about us. We wish to exchange information about the relations that we respectively exercise and how these might be enhanced in a manner that will be mutually beneficial. From our part, we increasingly come in contact with Koreans that pass through, or stay for periods of time in, Canada. We welcome this and wish to be better equipped to assist them in their desire to exercise their Christian duties. We invite you and any members of your churches who find

- themselves in Canada, to worship with us. Our website (www.CANRC.org) provides a fairly complete directory of the local congregations.
- 2136
- 2137 In closing, allow me to express the wish that you may continue to be faithful to God and His
- 2138 Word in all that you do, both as a church and as individual members of it. We are extremely rich
- 2139 through the saving work of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ, imparted to us by the Holy Spirit.
- 2140 Once again, thank you for your kind hospitality.

- 2142 Dr. J. Vanderstoep
- 2143 Mr. H. Leyenhorst

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2145 C. Points for discussion with the Fraternal Relations Committee of the Presbyterian Church 2146 of Korea, September 23, 2008, as suggested by the delegates of the Canadian Reformed 2147 Churches.

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This discussion document was presented to and discussed with the FRC of the PCK on Tuesday,
September 23, 2008. Observations and comments in (**bold, italicized** print) were added
subsequently and the whole presented to the CRCA at its meeting on October 9, 2008.

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**Introductory Comment:** 

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The intent of the following points, and the discussion that will hopefully follow them, is to better acquaint one another. That after all is the point of having Committees on fraternal relations.

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1. Good Relations and Communications:

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In the past this has been difficult, even to the point of the suggestion being made that the CANRC terminate the relationship of Ecclesiastical Fellowship. The communication, while still difficult because of the language barrier, has improved a great deal. This has been helped by the visits that have been made, both by you and us, and the opportunities taken by delegates to meet on other occasions, such as meetings of the ICRC.

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We certainly appreciated the commitment made by you, when you sent a delegation of three to Synod Smithers in 2007. As you have a General Assembly each year, it would be difficult for us to reciprocate. As such we have endeavoured, in conjunction with two of our sister church federations, to attend each year. The Free Reformed Churches of Australia delegated Rev. Huzinga in 2007, and we hope that the Reformed Churches in the Netherlands (RCN) will be

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- One way to keep in touch with one another is by the sharing of the acts of major assemblies, especially Synods/General Assemblies. While the matter of language makes that more difficult
- 2175 for us, we do appreciate the efforts of Prof. Haemoo Yoo, in providing us with English
- 2176 translations about some of the important decisions made by your General Assembly. Also, his
- 2177 availability to act as a translator has and should continue to facilitate more meaningful
- 2178 communications.

present in 2009.

In discussions with the Fraternal Relations Committee (FRC), it became clear that, while we officially send our Acts to the PCK, we do so to the Office of the General Assembly (General Secretary). They likely do not make it to the FRC. We committed to trying to direct a copy to the FRC and also to make an English summary of the main points (of particular importance to our relationship with the PCK) for the FRC. We agreed that continued communication as has been the case in the last couple of years, by way of summaries translated by Prof. Yoo, and our commitment to try to do the same, will be most helpful.

# 2. Confessional and Church Polity Differences:

On a number of occasions, mention has been made of differences between our federations concerning a number of confessional and polity matters, particularly fencing of the Lord's Supper and confessional membership. These matters have not been resolved. Our synod 2007 charged our committee (CRCA) to share with you a Statement of Agreement reached between the OPC and us, which led to the establishment of Ecclesiastical Fellowship, and ask for your reaction (Synod 2007, Acts, Art. 86, Recomm. 4.3.3, p 67).

The text of this agreement can be found in the Acts of Synod 2007, p. 316, as part of a synopsis of past discussions with the OPC. For ease of access, it is reproduced here:

"Concerning Admittance to the celebration of the Lord's Supper:

The churches of the Reformation confess that the Lord's Supper should not be profaned (1 Cor. 11:27, see Heidelberg Catechism Lord's Day 30, Q&A 82; Westminster Confession ch. 29,8). This implies that the celebration of the Lord's Supper is to be supervised. In this supervision the Church exercises discipline and manifests itself as true church. This supervision is to be applied to the members of the local church as well as to the guests. The eldership has a responsibility in supervising the admission to the Lord's Supper.

## Concerning Confessional Membership:

The churches of the Reformation believe that they have to contend for the faith which was once for all delivered to the saints (Jude 3) and are called to watch out for those who cause divisions and put obstacles in your way that are contrary to the teaching you have learned (Rom. 16:17). Anyone who answers the membership vows in the affirmative is bound to receive and adhere to the doctrine of the Bible. The patristic church has summarized this teaching in the Apostles' Creed and the churches of the Reformation have elaborated on this in their confessions. Every confessing member is bound to this doctrine and must be willing to be instructed in it. It may be added that these statements are not intended to prevent further discussions. Rather it is agreed that there is a need to continue to discuss the differences in confession and church policy which can take place within the relation of Ecclesiastical Fellowship. The intention of such discussions will be mutual upbuilding in the faith to "maintain the unity of the Spirit in the bond of peace" (Eph. 4:3)."

While our Synod 2007, spoke of having you consider, reacting and possibly agreeing, we place it before you for discussion. Maybe you can give us your thoughts.

We gave a detailed background to the history of the concerns dealt with in this section. We also explained our discussions with the OPC and referred the members of the FRC to the synopsis of these discussions with the OPC, as found in Appendix 1 of the Report of the Committee for Contact with Churches on the Americas to Synod 2007 (Acts, Append. 5, pp306-316). We also mentioned the concern of some members of the CANRC that these matters are not concluded and the need to have further discussion with the PCK.

The reaction of the FRC to this matter was that there is agreement with the first point (fencing of the Lords Supper). It is recognized, certainly by a number of prominent members of the PCK, that the matter of more involvement of elders in church government is needed. While, this is acknowledged, it was also stated that given the culture of Korea and the busyness of individuals appointed/ordained as elders, makes the reality of this requirement difficult.

With respect to the matter of Confessional Membership, it was stated that this in fact is contained in the Constitution of the PCK. A letter from the FRC, clarifying this matter was promised.

## 3. Church Relations in Canada:

It is not our intent to discuss in detail the relationships that the Canadian Reformed Churches have, but rather to provide an overview of these relations and how these are maintained. It would be useful for this purpose to remind you of the **Rules for Ecclesiastical Fellowship** adopted by our General Synod Lincoln1992 (*Acts Lincoln 1992*, Article 50, p. 33):

1. The churches shall assist each other in the maintenance, defence and promotion of the Reformed faith in doctrine, church polity, discipline, and liturgy, and be watchful for deviations.

2. The churches shall inform each other of the decisions taken by their broadest assemblies, if possible by sending each other their Acts or Minutes and otherwise, at least by sending the decisions relevant to the respective churches (if possible, in translation).

3. The churches shall consult each other when entering into relations with third parties.

 4. The churches shall accept one another's attestations or certificates of good standing, which also means admitting members of the respective churches to the sacraments upon presentation of that attestation or certificate.

5. The churches shall in principle open their pulpits for each other's ministers in agreement with the rules adopted in the respective churches.

In exercising these relations, the churches shall strive to implement also the following:

6. When major changes or additions are being considered to the confessions, church government or liturgy, the churches shall be informed in order that as much consultation can take place as possible before a final decision is taken.

 7. The churches shall receive each other's delegates at their broadest assemblies and invite them to participate as much as local regulations permit.

The Canadian Reformed Churches are in ecclesiastical fellowship with the Reformed Churches in the Netherlands - Liberated (RCN), the Free Reformed Churches of Australia, the Free Reformed Churches of South Africa, The Free Church of Scotland, The Presbyterian Church of Korea, the Orthodox Presbyterian Church, the Reformed Church in the United States and the Igreja Reformadas do Brasil (IRB). Synod 2007 also decided to accept the invitation of the Reformed Churches of New Zealand (RCNZ) to enter into ecclesiastical fellowship with them and to do the same with l'Eglise reforme du Quebec (ERQ). We are currently in phase 2 of a

staggered process designed to lead to full federative unity with the United Reformed Churches in North America.

We have had overtures and requests to enter into relationships with other church federations, some closer, others further from home. While Synod did not make a definitive decision on the matter of how to deal with these requests, it did express a sense that when we have relations with a church federation in a country in which another federation requests a relationship, we depend initially on the insight and experience of the federation with which we already have a relationship.

This section did not engender much discussion. It was intended to relate to the members of the FRC, the approach we take wrt church relations. We did mention the fact that the IRCK had requested relationship, but that we were not ready to enter into such. Our Synod felt the need for more information, and we indicated that in the first instance that some of this information needed to come from the PCK. The further matter of establishing relations with a second federation in a country where we already have a relationship was mentioned. It was acknowledged by the FRC that we should in fact be relying, at least in part, on them for this additional information. The FRC expressed appreciation for our position of consultation as expressed in the final paragraph above. At this point we did go over to the next point, the matter of church relations within Korea.

During our discussions with the FRC, a Dr. Samuel Park was present. He is the Vic-President of the California Graduate School of Theology in La Habre, California. He is a member of the PCK America. He was interested to learn a bit about the Canadian Reformed Churches and committed to communicating something about us to their General Assembly, which is held in October. We were able to give to him copy of the Acts of Synod 2007, plus to point him to our website for further information. We also committed to pass on to our Committee for Contact with Churches in the Americas, his name as a possible contact. He spoke about hoping to arrange for a visit by the CANRC to their General Assembly next year and possibly a visit to our next Synod by a representative of the PCKA.

#### 4. Church Relations in Korea

We very much would like to hear something about the relationships that you have with other federations and how you manage these. From contacts that we have with Koreans that either visit or in some cases stay for extended periods, we hear of other church federations in your own country. We understand that some of the members of these federations originated in the PCK. How do you relate to them? We ask this because, as you know, we did receive a request from the

- 2318 Independent Reformed Church in Korea (IRCK) to enter into a sister church relationship. This 2319 was not acceded to, in part because insufficient information was available, but also the
- consideration provided in the last paragraph of the previous section (seeking guidance from our 2320 2321 sister church in the country in question).

2323 We hope that by discussing this matter with you, we may be better equipped to deal with such 2324 matters in the future.

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We were told that there is virtually no contact between the PCK and the IRCK, at least in any official way. There were a number of reasons given, such as they (IRCK) are so small, and they do respect the PCK seminary (implication – they are not different?). There was a commitment made by the FRC to give some attention to this matter, especially in light of our position about consulting the federation that we already have a relationship with. The FRC did question why the IRCK approached the ICRC for membership before having discussions with the PCK.

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In personal discussions, we learned quite a bit more about the IRCK as well as the more recent Reformed Church in Korea (RCK). With this "insight" into these two "groups" we will be able to do more investigation of them. See further comments in the concluding section of this report.

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5. Korean Presbyterian Church in America (KPCA)

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2341 The membership of this church lives in North America. As such it seems that we should have 2342 some contact with these churches. However, our attempts at having meaningful contact with 2343 them has proven unsuccessful. We would like to hear you on what should be our approach to this 2344 federation.

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As indicated under point 3 above, we did make what will hopefully be a useful contact with the PCK America. The PCKA was established when Koreans moved to the USA. They are identical to the PCK and membership and ordained ministers interchange freely. We were told that the two are "identical", although operate as independent federations. Dr. Park suggested that he would forward their constitution to us. The PCKA currently do not have relations with any federations other than the PCK. Dr. Park did express some interest in contact with the OPC. They also do use predominantly the Korean language, and as such will present to us somewhat the same challenges as the PCK.

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6. How Can We Help?

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According to the first article of our rules for ecclesiastical fellowship (Section 3, above), the churches are "to assist each other in the maintenance, defence and promotion of the Reformed faith....". Certainly in our own country this is often a daunting task/challenge. We assume that this is no different here. Are there ways that we can be of assistance to each other? Undoubtedly there are – let's commit to doing so to the best of our ability!

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This last point did not receive much attention during our meeting with the FRC. However, upon reflection by us, we deem it important that we be somewhat proactive in this matter. We 2363

can provide them with some specific instances oh how we might be able to assist them. One example might be the "exchange" or visits by some of our professors to the Korean Theological Seminary.

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2368 7. Conclusions

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The visit and discussions were very positive, instructive and also revealing of the difficulty of maintaining good relations when we do not understand the language. The PCK does show signs of struggling to stay reformed. This may be caused by the blending of the Presbyterian polity into the Korean culture. They have approximately the same number of elders as ministers in their federation. Parents, teachers and ministers are highly respected in Korea. This results in the ministers having too much influence (power). There seems to be little appetite for the western reformed consistory structure, as we know it.

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In private discussions, some issues of concern were discovered concerning IRCK and the RCK. These include a Bishop as head of the church, different levels of acceptance of the confessions, two levels of membership (primarily in the IRCK) and lack of organized church government. There has also been limited growth.

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The IRCK and the RCK have received advice from Prof. Yoo and Dr. Hur, two strong voices for reformed doctrine and church polity. The greeting letter from the FRCA, to the PCK on the occasion of the 58th GA gives more information on these churches and also illustrates the need for us to have discussions with the FRCA. This letter is appended as it was shared with us by a member of the FRC.

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- 2389 Respectfully submitted,
- 2390 Harold Leyenhorst
- 2391 John Vanderstoep

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2393 Submitted to Synod Burlington 2010 by the Committee on Relations with Churches Abroad,

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2404 November 24, 2009